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DEVELOPMENT OF A DEOILING PROCESS
FOR RECYCLING MILLSCALE

Derek S. Harold
General Manager Midwest Region
Luria Brothers and Company
Cleveland, Ohio

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Introduction

The annual production of raw steel in the United States and Canada averaged 134 million tons over the last seven years. In that same period, the generation of iron-bearing waste solids reached a level of roughly 13 million tons, ^{(1)*} of which approximately 7 million tons were mill scale. This tonnage of mill scale constitutes 3.7 to 4.7 percent ^{(2)*} of the annual raw steel output of an integrated steel plant and is governed by operating practice, the types of steel produced, the availability of continuous casting, and overall mill facilities.

Among the various waste oxides produced in a steel plant, mill scale is the most attractive candidate for reclamation because of its high iron content and its potential for replacing costly purchased iron units.

Several different contaminants in varying quantities accompany the raw mill scale which is generated. Among these are metallic scrap, rubble, moisture, mill lubricants, and rolling oil, which are picked up during the various processing steps. These contaminants are tabulated in Figure I. The scrap and rubble can be removed mechanically, but the moisture and oil must be treated by other means for reduction or elimination. In general, the quantities of both oil and moisture increase with decreasing particle size.

*See references

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Until recent years, mill scale under 1/4 inch in size was recycled to the sinter plant and contributed low cost iron units as well as enhanced the quality of the sinter produced.

At the present time however, with the advent of sophisticated air pollution control facilities, oily mill-scale cannot be sintered in large quantities because of mill operating problems and environmental restrictions. Oil contained in the millscale volatilizes during sintering resulting in a carryover of hydrocarbons to the bag house or scrubber. These hydrocarbons present a fire hazard, can blind the filter bags and result in unacceptable stack emissions. Removal of the hydrocarbons before sintering is therefore essential in order to achieve maximum recycling of this material.

The problems imposed by hydrocarbon contamination have caused substantial tonnages of oily mill scale to be stock-piled while significantly less desirable waste oxides have been recycled.

Several methods for oil removal have been investigated and are described in the literature.^{(2)*} These processes are shown in Figure II. While each of these systems is attended by varying degrees of success, Luria chose direct incineration as both the simplest and the most likely to provide consistent success in removing oil from scale.

The selection of direct incineration resulted in the construction of a plant in Gary, Indiana, for de-oiling mill scale generated at Inland Steel Company. This facility began operating in November, 1978.

Process Description

Figure III shows the de-oiling plant layout and the flow path of the mill scale received from the steel plant.

Unprocessed mill scale is delivered to the facility by truck and weighed into the raw material stockpile. A front end loader equipped with a 4 yard bucket transports the material to the grizzly where scrap and rubble over 5" is removed. A pan feeder under the grizzly hopper controls the flow of mill scale to the conveyor travelling to the vibratory screen. Oversize material on the 5/8" x 2" screen passes to the magnetic separation equipment which recovers scrap suitable for direct charge to the blast furnaces. Rubble is collected at the end of the conveyor for disposal. Minus 5/8" x 2" screened mill scale from the vibrating screen moves by conveyor to the kiln feed hopper which holds approximately 20 net tons. Delivery of oily material to the kiln is accomplished with a variable speed feed screw.

The rotary kiln is oil fired, 10' in diameter by 60' long and is lined with 6" of refractory lining. Oily mill scale entering the kiln is agitated by kiln rotation and

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internal lifters which cause the material to cascade through the hot combustion gases. The kiln rotates at slightly less than 4 RPM's with retention time of approximately 12 minutes.

Dry, oil-free scale is discharged from the kiln and conveyed to a vibrating screen which separates the plus 1/4-inch from the remainder for return to the blast furnace. Four percent water is added to the minus 1/4-inch material for dust suppression and for control purposes at the sinter plant.

Figure IV describes the dry properties of the de-oiled mill scale and demonstrates that the iron-rich material is well within the residual oil limit of 0.01%.

Figure V outlines the particle size distribution of treated scale which is recirculated to the sinter strand. The composition of the scale and its relative fineness result in a bulk density ranging from 190 to 205 pounds per cubic foot.

The oil-free and moistened mill scale is loaded from the product stockpile and transported to the sinter plant at Inland Steel, a distance of roughly 3/4 mile.

Production Figures

Production of sinter plant size material has averaged 27,029 net tons per month for the past year, with a best single

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month output of 34,618 net tons during April of 1979.

Both delivery of raw scale and shipment of treated scale are normally made on a five-day per week basis. Thus, the average daily shipment of de-oiled material to the sinter plant has been 1,351 net tons.

Environmental Aspects

The hot gases leave the kiln at a temperature of roughly 800°F and pass into an after burner chamber where the temperature is raised to about 1500°F for complete incineration of residual hydrocarbons. Approximately 25,000 cubic feet per minute of hot gases leave the after burner and travel through ductwork into a high intensity wet scrubber before being discharged into the atmosphere. The duct is refractory lined and the internal gas velocity is sufficient to entrain any particulate matter.

The wet scrubbing system is shown in Figure VI. Water is sprayed into the system at a rate of 400 gallons per minute and the pressure drop across the venturi throat is 20 inches of water. After being scrubbed and having particulates removed, the clean gas passes through a mist eliminator and then into the induced draft fan and the stack.

Based upon the fraction of solid matter removed, the scrubber efficiency is above 99%. The data are shown in

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Figure VII. The system has performed with exceptional efficiency since operation began. The stack emission rate has been consistently under 2 lbs. per hour and is always substantially below the permissible level of 20 lbs. per hour.

The slurry from the scrubber is pumped to a basin where the solids settle quickly, and the water is returned to the scrubber for re-use.

From a performance point of view, the scrubber has operated very well. Excessive abrasion and internal erosion, however, have resulted in relatively high maintenance costs. Consequently, the quencher, venturi inlet, and venturi throat are being replaced with more abrasion-resistant material. Experimental work with refractory coatings has demonstrated satisfactory performance, and this material will be utilized for the internal parts which are subject to abrasion wear.

Production Problems

Aside from normal start-up and operating problems, most troubles have resulted from the high density and abrasive properties of the mill scale being treated. Steps are being taken presently to minimize these problems.

Process costs are most sensitive to fuel costs, and the steady rise of fuel oil prices has imposed an ever heavier

burden on the cost of de-oiling the mill scale. For this reason, a shift to the use of natural gas as fuel is being made. This change will result in a 58% reduction in fuel costs at today's prices and, together with better handling techniques and the employment of more abrasion-resistant construction materials, will permit de-oiling of mill scale at a significantly lower cost.

Conclusions

Although the process concept is simple and the equipment used for de-oiling mill scale is unsophisticated, the following conclusions may be drawn from Luria's work:

- (1) Large quantities of oil-contaminated mill scale can be treated on a steady, high tonnage basis.
- (2) The mill scale which is produced by Luria's de-oiling process is highly satisfactory and will permit additions in excess of 20% of sinter plant feed.
- (3) The process produces material of consistently high quality and low oil content. These features insure operation of the sinter plant within the environmental standards established.
- (4) Optimization of fuel selection, burner placement, and construction materials will provide a low cost source of valuable iron units, and will simultaneously minimize disposal and environmental problems.

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Future Plans

It is recognized that the existing scale de-oiling plant is but a first generation facility, and that much can be done to make its operations more attractive.

To this end, studies are presently underway to establish the most suitable materials of construction and optimum methods of handling and transferring a heavy, abrasive material. This work should result in greater than 85% availability of the equipment and reduce maintenance costs to their lowest level.

In addition to the shift from fuel oil to gas, a program to study the effects of burner position within the kiln has been initiated. The placement of the burners within the after burner chamber will also be investigated for optimum results and fuel conservation.

A further program will be undertaken to determine whether the use of recuperators in the waste gas stream can provide an additional cost reduction which will warrant the required capital investment for such a system.

Long range considerations point to steady refinement of the process to achieve lowest possible cost in de-oiling mill scale. At the same time, the incorporation of other steel plant wastes will be examined to ascertain whether these less valuable but important materials can also be treated in the equipment in an acceptable manner.

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Agglomeration process studies will also be pursued to establish the response of de-oiled mill scale and to determine whether the agglomerates can be returned to the blast furnace directly, thus saving the cost of sintering.

The work already accomplished, as well as that being planned is vital. The recovery of iron, carbon, calcium and other valuable units is essential considering future availability and cost of these materials. Finally, reclamation and recycling of mill waste materials can eliminate or minimize in-plant handling, storage and environmental problems. We believe these concepts to be a very important support of a strong and prosperous Steel Industry in the United States.

References:

- (1) Harris, M. M., The Use Of Steel Mill Waste Solids In Iron And Steelmaking. American Iron and Steel Institute - 86th General Meeting, May 24, 1978.
- (2) Balajee, S. R., Deoiling And Utilization Of Millscale. First E.P.A. symposium on the Iron and Steel Pollution Abatement Technology. November 1, 1979.

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FIGURE I

RAW MILLSCALE CONTAMINANTS

<u>Scrap</u>	<u>Percent Range</u>
Plus 5" Size +5/8" - 5"	0.3 - 0.5% 2.0 - 3.5%
<u>Moisture</u>	3.0 - 9.0%
<u>Oil</u>	0.3 - 10.2%
<u>Rubble</u>	0.2 - 0.5%

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FIGURE II

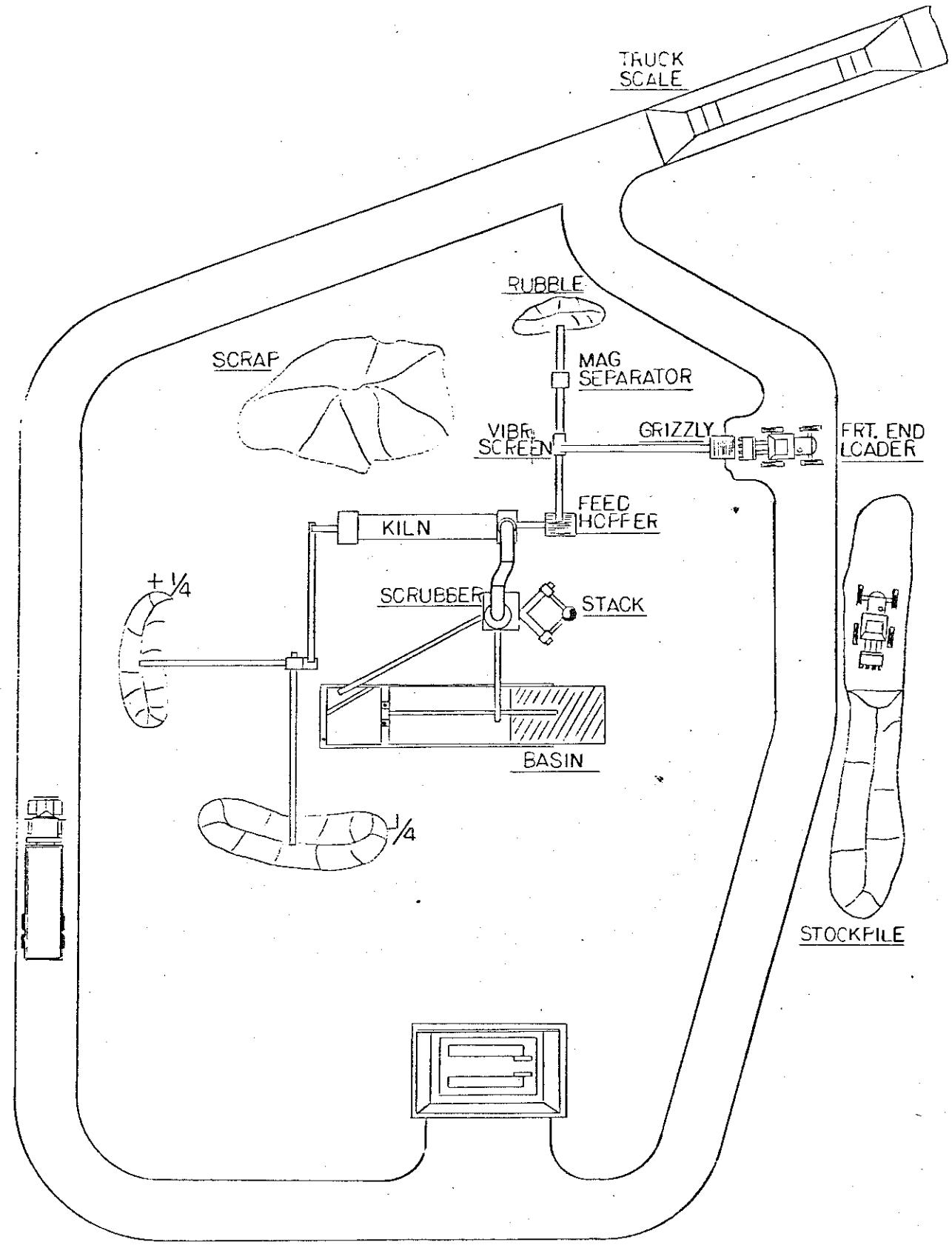
MILLSCALE
DEOILING METHODS (2)*

Washing

- 1 - Water
- 2 - Hot Alkaline
- 3 - Solvent

Thermal Incineration

- 1 - Direct Firing
- 2 - Indirect Firing



DECILING PLANT

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FIGURE V

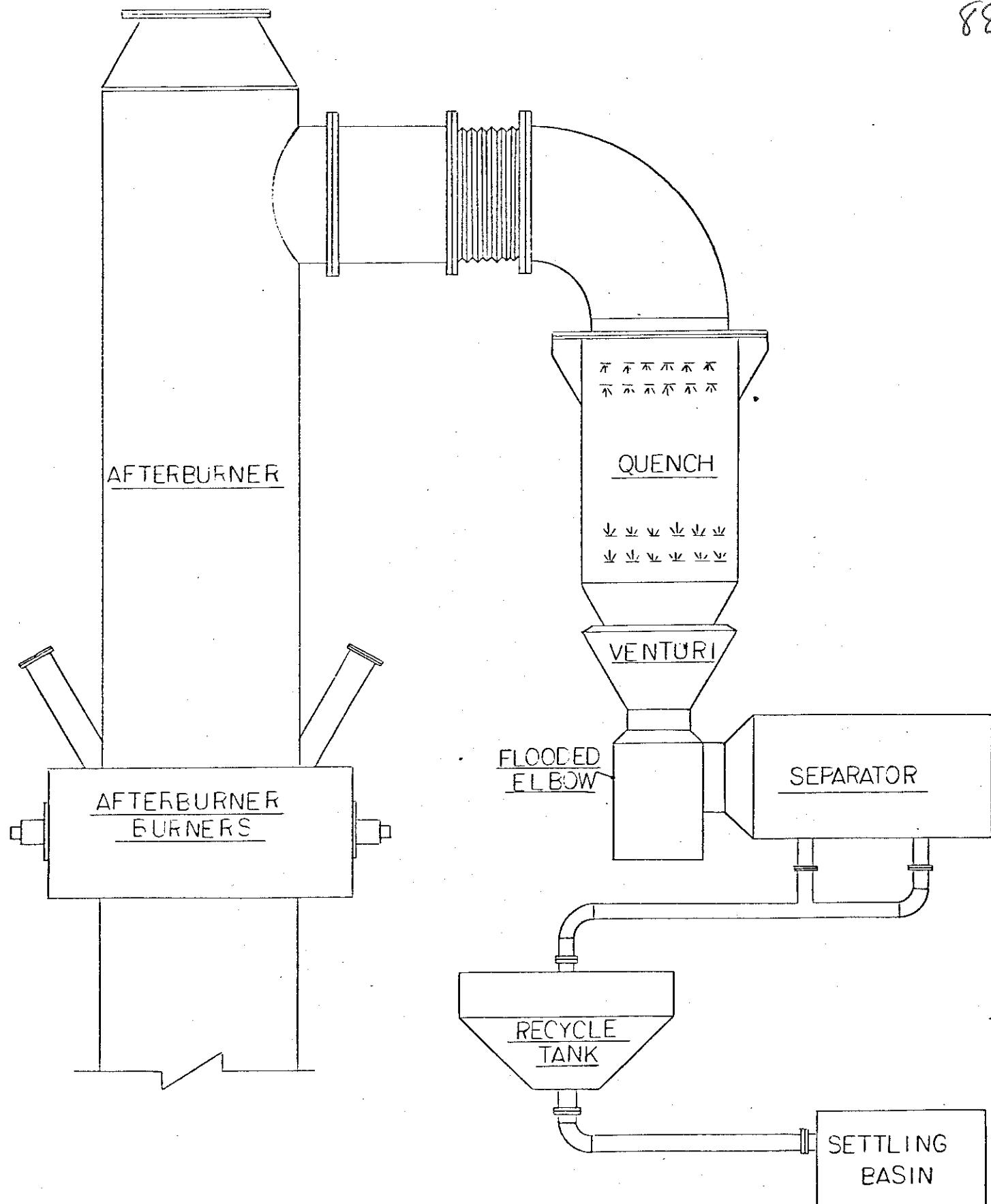
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES DEOILED MILLSCALE (2)*
SINTER PLANT SIZE

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Wt. %</u>	<u>Cum. Wt. %</u>
Plus $\frac{1}{4}$ "	0.4	0.4
- $\frac{1}{4}$ " + 4 Mesh	1.0	1.4
-4 + 6 Mesh	3.0	4.4
-6 + 10 Mesh	8.8	13.2
-10 + 18 Mesh	13.5	26.7
-18 + 32 Mesh	28.4	55.1
-32 + 60 Mesh	18.8	73.9
-60 + 100 Mesh	13.8	87.7
-100 Mesh	12.3	100.0

Bulk Density
(Dry Basis) 190 - 205 lb./ft.³

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FIGURE VII

WET SCRUBBER EFFICIENCY

<u>Test</u>	<u>Production Rate</u>	<u>Scrubber Inlet Particulate Loading</u>	<u>Stack Particulate Emission Rate</u>	<u>Efficiency</u>
#1	43 NT/Hr.	1280 lb./Hr.	1.8 lb./Hr.	99.8%
#2	43 NT/Hr.	951 lb./Hr.	1.3 lb./Hr.	99.8%

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FIGURE IV

DEOILED MILLScale ANALYSIS (2)*
SINTER PLANT SIZE (Dry Basis)

	<u>Percent</u>
Total Fe	76.2
Fe ++	45.9
Fe +++	18.7
Metallic Fe	11.6
Magnetic Fe	26.3
Gangue	4.0
Sul	.029
Oil	.005*

Oil Specification - .01% Max.

D.1.4

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

INDIANAPOLIS

Matter

PAs
green file
Review
Permit
SectionOFFICE MEMORANDUM

RCRA File

DATE: September 25, 1987

TO: Ted F. Warner
Compliance Monitoring Section

THRU: Dave Berrey, SWB

FROM: Scheduled Inspection of Luria Brothers, Inc.
Gary Process Plant (LBC IND 095264818)
Gary, Lake County

SUBJECT:

On July 9, 1987, Mr. James Mattes and I visited the above-referenced facility located at 6633 West Industrial Highway, Gary, Indiana. The purpose of this inspection was to conduct a scheduled land disposal inspection. On the date of this visit, there were no (LBC) representatives on-site.

Prior to this on-site visit, Mr. Mattes and I flew over (LBC) at an altitude of approximately 700 feet and took the attached area photograph. I believe the photograph demonstrates the abandonment of the site.

Prior to our inspection, I reviewed the files for (LPC). My file audit revealed that Mr. Thomas O'Leary previously of this office, inspected this facility on March 10, 1986. We found this site the same as the manner Mr. O'Leary's March 24, 1987, field trip report indicates.

It is clear from our visits on this date, (LBC) is not an active facility. The responsible parties of the (LBC) will need to conduct proper closure proceedings in order to finalize this facility's hazardous waste activities.

TFW/db

cc: Plan Review and Permit Section
U.S. EPA, Region V

PRELIMINARY REVIEW REPORT (PR)
RCRA FACILITY ASSESSMENT (RFA)

1. Facility Name Luria Bros. & Co.
EPA ID # IND 095264818
Preparer Gregor Weber
Date _____

2. General Description of Facility and Processes:

A. Description: This facility ceased operation in 1981
and was abandoned. Closure was completed
but never certified.

B. Information on Solid Waste Management Units (attach additional sheets as needed):

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Release (yes/no/unknown/suspected)</u>
i. Tank Storage	yes
ii. Container Storage	
iii. Incinerator	
iv. Waste Pile	
v.	
vi.	
vii.	
viii.	
ix.	
x.	

3. Specific Unit Information (prepare one for each unit):

A. Unit Type: Tank Storage Regulatory Status: _____
Age: _____
Capacity: _____
Period of Operation: _____
Waste Type: _____
Volume: _____
Hazardous Constituents (attach separate sheet): _____

3. Specific Unit Information (prepare one for each unit):

A. Unit Type: Container Storage Regulatory Status: _____
Age: _____ Capacity: _____
Period of Operation: _____
Waste Type: _____ Volume: _____
Hazardous Constituents (attach separate sheet): _____

3. Specific Unit Information (prepare one for each unit):

A. Unit Type: Incinerator Regulatory Status: _____
Age: _____
Capacity: _____
Period of Operation: _____
Waste Type: _____
Volume: _____
Hazardous Constituents (attach separate sheet): _____

3. Specific Unit Information (prepare one for each unit):

A. Unit Type: Waste Pile Regulatory Status: _____
Age: _____
Capacity: _____
Period of Operation: _____
Waste Type: _____
Volume: _____
Hazardous Constituents (attach separate sheet): _____

C. Monitoring Description (groundwater, surface water, etc.): _____

Additional Information Needed: _____

D. Environmental Setting: _____

Additional Information Needed: _____

E. Evidence of Suspected Past or Current Releases: _____

Additional Information Needed: _____

4. Visual Site Inspection (VSI)

A. Specific Objectives: _____

SITE INSPECTION MEMO

1

2070 - 13 FORM

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SITE MAPS

3

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

4

ANALYTICAL DATA

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ATTACHMENT 6

INSPECTION REPORT FOR
LURIA BROS.
GARY, INDIANA
F05-8704-012
IND095264818

July 31, 1987

X 00206 NB



ecology and environment, inc.

111 WEST JACKSON BLVD., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604, TEL. 312-663-9415

International Specialists in the Environment

MEMORANDUM

DATE: July 31, 1987
TO: File
FROM: Steve Anderson *SCA*
SUBJECT: Indiana/F05-8704-012/FIN0571SI
Gary/Luria Bros.
IND095264818

Luria Bros. is located in northwestern Gary, approximately 2,500 feet east of the Gary/East Chicago city line and 1,000 feet north of the Gary Municipal Airport. The property is bordered by Conservation Chemical on the southeast. During the site inspection, FIT noticed a black oily substance on the ground near the border with Conservation Chemical that appeared to be a seep. The 5-acre site is an inactive plant that was used to deoil mill scale. The site was active from 1979 to 1981. Luria Bros. was tasked to Ecology and Environment, Inc. (FIT) for a site inspection as part of the Calumet River Study by the U.S. EPA.

Ecology and Environment (FIT) inspected Luria Bros. on May 5, 1987. During the site inspection, FIT interviewed the company representative and collected three on-site soil samples and one background soil sample. The site inspection yielded much information about the industrial processes at the site. The plant deoiled mill scale by rotary kiln for Inland Steel. No wastes were generated at Luria Bros. The site was secure at the time of the inspection. There was a fence, a gate with a lock, and a 24-hour guard stationed there by Conservation Chemical. There was evidence of other parties entering the site as shown by an old mattress and other refuse on the facility that the site representative couldn't explain. Past

inspections by the state have noted the physical security of the site was poor.

A biased sampling plan was adopted by FIT with samples preferentially collected at the unprocessed mill scale area and the processed mill scale area. Sample S1 was collected in the processed mill scale area and contained the following target compound list (TCL) pollutants: arsenic (56 ppm), cadmium (36 ppm), copper (351 ppm), iron (635,000 ppm), lead (438 ppm), mercury (919 ppm), and nickel (167 ppm). Sample S2 was collected at the western edge of the processed mill scale area and contained the following TCL pollutants: cadmium (32 ppm), copper (225 ppm), iron (547,000 ppm), lead (170 ppm), mercury (0.18 ppm), and nickel (122 ppm). Sample S3 was collected at the unrefined mill scale area and contained the following TCL pollutants: cadmium (25 ppm), copper (280 ppm), iron (342,000 ppm), lead (147 ppm), mercury (0.28 ppm), and nickel (76 ppm). Sample S4, the background sample, was collected at Washington Park in East Chicago, Indiana, and contained the following TCL pollutants: arsenic (10 ppm), copper (28 ppm), iron (15,400 ppm), lead (130 ppm), mercury (1.8 ppm), nickel (27 ppm), selenium (8 ppm), and tin (36 ppm). The high level of cadmium in the on-site samples, the high high level of mercury in S1, and the high level of copper for S1 and S3 are useable for HRS waste characteristics.

According to the site representative, the processed and unprocessed mill scale was piled on the ground with no liner. The potential for groundwater contamination is high at this site due to the permeable sands of the surficial aquifer. Anyone using groundwater down-gradient of the site could be drinking contaminated water. Direct contact is also a threat due to the high levels of heavy metals found in the soil samples and the relative accessibility of the site in the past. The work plan was followed during the site inspection.

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 1 - SITE LOCATION AND INSPECTION INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
IN	D095264818

II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION

01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or descriptive name of site) <i>Luria Bros & Co.</i>	02 STREET, ROUTE NO., OR SPECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER <i>6633 N Industrial Highway</i>			
03 CITY <i>Gary</i>	04 STATE <i>IN</i>	05 ZIP CODE <i>46406</i>	06 COUNTY <i>Lake</i>	07 COUNTY CODE <i>89</i> 01 08 CONG DIST
09 COORDINATES LATITUDE <i>41° 37' 30"</i>	LONGITUDE <i>87° 25' 04"</i>	10 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A. PRIVATE <input type="checkbox"/> B. FEDERAL <input type="checkbox"/> C. STATE <input type="checkbox"/> D. COUNTY <input type="checkbox"/> E. MUNICIPAL <input type="checkbox"/> F. OTHER <input type="checkbox"/> G. UNKNOWN		

III. INSPECTION INFORMATION

01 DATE OF INSPECTION <i>5/5/87</i> MONTH DAY YEAR	02 SITE STATUS <input type="checkbox"/> ACTIVE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> INACTIVE	03 YEARS OF OPERATION <i>1979 - 1981</i> BEGINNING YEAR ENDING YEAR	UNKNOWN
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04 AGENCY PERFORMING INSPECTION (Check all that apply)

<input type="checkbox"/> A. EPA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B. EPA CONTRACTOR <i>Ecology & Environment</i> (Name of firm)	<input type="checkbox"/> C. MUNICIPAL	<input type="checkbox"/> D. MUNICIPAL CONTRACTOR (Name of firm)
<input type="checkbox"/> E. STATE	<input type="checkbox"/> F. STATE CONTRACTOR (Name of firm)	<input type="checkbox"/> G. OTHER (Specify)	

05 CHIEF INSPECTOR <i>Tom Kouris</i>	06 TITLE <i>Engineer</i>	07 ORGANIZATION <i>E & E</i>	08 TELEPHONE NO. <i>(312) 663-9415</i>
09 OTHER INSPECTORS <i>Tim Mayers</i>	10 TITLE <i>Geographer</i>	11 ORGANIZATION "	12 TELEPHONE NO. ()
<i>Steve Anderson</i>	<i>Geologist</i>	"	()
<i>Dave Heidlauf</i>	<i>Geologist</i>	<i>C.C. Johnson</i>	<i>(312) 621-3944</i>
			()
			()

13 SITE REPRESENTATIVES INTERVIEWED <i>Derek S. Harold</i>	14 TITLE <i>Project Manager</i>	15 ADDRESS <i>20521 Chagrin Blvd Cleveland, OH 44122</i>	16 TELEPHONE NO. <i>(216) 752-9000</i>
			()
			()
			()
			()
			()

17 ACCESS GAINED BY (Check one) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PERMISSION <input type="checkbox"/> WARRANT	18 TIME OF INSPECTION <i>10:00 am - 1:00 pm</i>	19 WEATHER CONDITIONS <i>60° F, Little wind, sunny</i>
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IV. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM

01 CONTACT <i>Don Josif</i>	02 OF (Agency/Organization) <i>V.S. EPA</i>	03 TELEPHONE NO. <i>(312) 866-0393</i>		
04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR SITE INSPECTION FORM <i>Steve Anderson</i>	05 AGENCY <i>V.S. EPA</i>	06 ORGANIZATION <i>Ecology & Environment</i>	07 TELEPHONE NO. <i>312-663-7415</i>	08 DATE <i>7/31/87</i> MONTH DAY YEAR



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
IN	DO95264818

II. WASTE STATES, QUANTITIES, AND CHARACTERISTICS

01 PHYSICAL STATES (Check all that apply)	02 WASTE QUANTITY AT SITE <small>(Measures of waste quantities must be independent)</small>	03 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Check all that apply)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A. SOLID <input type="checkbox"/> B. POWDER, FINES <input type="checkbox"/> C. SLUDGE <input type="checkbox"/> D. OTHER _____ (Specify)	<input type="checkbox"/> E. SLURRY <input type="checkbox"/> F. LIQUID <input type="checkbox"/> G. GAS TONS <u>500</u> WASTE CUBIC YARDS <u>Type section</u> NO. OF DRUMS _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A. TOXIC <input type="checkbox"/> B. CORROSIVE <input type="checkbox"/> C. RADIOACTIVE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D. PERSISTENT <input type="checkbox"/> E. SOLUBLE <input type="checkbox"/> F. INFECTIOUS <input type="checkbox"/> G. FLAMMABLE <input type="checkbox"/> H. IGNITABLE <input type="checkbox"/> I. HIGHLY VOLATILE <input type="checkbox"/> J. EXPLOSIVE <input type="checkbox"/> K. REACTIVE <input type="checkbox"/> L. INCOMPATIBLE <input type="checkbox"/> M. NOT APPLICABLE

III. WASTE TYPE

CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE NAME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS
SLU	SLUDGE			
OLW	OILY WASTE			
SOL	SOLVENTS			
PSD	PESTICIDES			
OCC	OTHER ORGANIC CHEMICALS			
IOC	INORGANIC CHEMICALS			
ACD	ACIDS			
BAS	BASES			
MES	HEAVY METALS			

IV. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (See Appendix for most frequently cited CAS Numbers)

01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE NAME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DISPOSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
MES	Mercury	7439-97-6	found in soil samples	919	ppm
MES	Cadmium	7440-43-9	" "	36	ppm
MES	Copper	7440-50-8	" "	351	ppm
MES	Arsenite	7440-38-2	" "	56	ppm
MES	Lead	7439-92-1	" "	438	ppm
MES	Nickel	7440-02-0	" "	167	ppm
IOC	Cyanide	57125	" "	2.9	ppm

V. FEEDSTOCKS (See Appendix for CAS Numbers)

CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS	unrefined mill scale	N/A	FDS		
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		
FDS			FDS		

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Analytical data from soil samples collected at site #5/5/87.



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
IN	D095264818

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

01 A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION

03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0-100

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

A strong potential for groundwater contamination exists due to the highly permeable sands of the Calumet aquifer, a surficial aquifer composed of water and wind-deposited sand. Well logs in the area indicate water levels as shallow as 5'.

01 B. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION

03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

Surface water contamination is unlikely. The Grand Calumet River is approximately 1 mile south of the site, and Lake Michigan is approximately 1.1 miles north of the site. There are railroad grades and roads north and south of the site making migration to surface water unlikely.

01 C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR

03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: ~78,000

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

None reported or observed, though potential exists that on a dry dusty day contaminants could become airborne on dust particles. Population for a 4 mile radius.

01 D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS

03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

None reported or observed, and unlikely due to the nonreactive nature of the contaminants.

01 E. DIRECT CONTACT

03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 800

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

Soil samples collected on site indicate high concentrations of heavy metals. There is a fence around the site, a locked gate and a 24 hour guard. There is an old mattress and some refuse on the site that the owner couldn't explain, suggesting the site was at some time accessible.

01 F. CONTAMINATION OF SOIL

03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 5 (Acres)

02 OBSERVED (DATE: 5/5/87)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

Concentrations of heavy metals were detected in substantially higher quantities than the background sample. Mercury, Cadmium and Copper are at levels high enough for HRS scoring.

01 G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION

03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0-100

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

Anyone using groundwater could potentially be drinking contaminated water downgradient from this site. The municipality of Gary is on surface water from Lake Michigan.

01 H. WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY

03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 0

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

The site is inactive, there are no workers at the facility.

01 I. POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY

03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 800-900

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

POTENTIAL

ALLEGED

See Parts "A," "E," and "G."



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT

PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE IN	02 SITE NUMBER D 0952 64816

II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)

- 01 J. DAMAGE TO FLORA
04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____) POTENTIAL ALLEGED

None reported or observed, though vegetative stress
be caused by the heavy metals present in the soil samples.

- 01 K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____) POTENTIAL ALLEGED

- 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Include name(s) of species)

None reported or observed. There are no federally endangered
species that are endemic to this area.

- 01 L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____) POTENTIAL ALLEGED

- 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

There are no important food crops or livestock
within 3-miles of the site.

- 01 M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES

02 OBSERVED (DATE: 5/5/87) POTENTIAL ALLEGED

- (Spills/Runoff/Standing liquids, Leaking drums)

04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

The piles of mill scale, both treated and untreated
were unlined. The area around where the piles had been was
excavated to a depth of about 2'.

- 01 N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____) POTENTIAL ALLEGED

- 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

None reported or observed, though an
apparent seep was noted coming from Conservation Chemical.

- 01 O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPs

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____) POTENTIAL ALLEGED

- 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

No WWTPs in the area. No contamination of sewers
or storm drains.

- 01 P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING

02 OBSERVED (DATE: _____) POTENTIAL ALLEGED

- 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Unlikely due to the fence around the site, the
24 hour security guard and locked gate.

05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLEGED HAZARDS

None reported or observed

III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: ~ 78,800 - 78,900

IV. COMMENTS

None

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site inspection notes, Ecology & Environment, Inc. 5-5-87
US Dept of the Interior, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service - list of endangered species.
USGS 7.5 minute topographic maps - Whiting, Gary and Highland, IN quads



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION
PART 4 - PERMIT AND DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE IN 02 SITE NUMBER D 0 9 5 2 6 4 8 1 6

II. PERMIT INFORMATION

01 TYPE OF PERMIT ISSUED (Check all that apply)	02 PERMIT NUMBER	03 DATE ISSUED	04 EXPIRATION DATE	05 COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/> A. NPDES				
<input type="checkbox"/> B. UIC				
<input type="checkbox"/> C. AIR				
<input type="checkbox"/> D. RCRA				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> E. RCRA INTERIM STATUS	IND 045264816	5/81	11/8/85	
<input type="checkbox"/> F. SPCC PLAN				
<input type="checkbox"/> G. STATE (Specify)				
<input type="checkbox"/> H. LOCAL (Specify)				
<input type="checkbox"/> I. OTHER (Specify)				
<input type="checkbox"/> J. NONE				

III. SITE DESCRIPTION

01 STORAGE/DISPOSAL (Check all that apply)	02 AMOUNT	03 UNIT OF MEASURE	04 TREATMENT (Check all that apply)	05 OTHER
<input type="checkbox"/> A. SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT			<input type="checkbox"/> A. INCINERATION	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B. PILES	135 net tons/day	at treated scale	<input type="checkbox"/> B. UNDERGROUND INJECTION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A. BUILDINGS ON SITE
<input type="checkbox"/> C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND			<input type="checkbox"/> C. CHEMICAL/PHYSICAL	
<input type="checkbox"/> D. TANK, ABOVE GROUND			<input type="checkbox"/> D. BIOLOGICAL	
<input type="checkbox"/> E. TANK, BELOW GROUND			<input type="checkbox"/> E. WASTE OIL PROCESSING	
<input type="checkbox"/> F. LANDFILL			<input type="checkbox"/> F. SOLVENT RECOVERY	
<input type="checkbox"/> G. LANDFARM			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> G. OTHER RECYCLING/RECOVERY	
<input type="checkbox"/> H. OPEN DUMP			<input type="checkbox"/> H. OTHER (Specify)	
<input type="checkbox"/> I. OTHER (Specify)				

07 COMMENTS All unprocessed mill scale was received by truck from Inland Steel. The unprocessed material was thermally dried in a rotary kiln in order to dry the mill scale. The processed mill scale was returned by truck to Inland Steel. See Tab E for a technical paper describing the process.

IV. CONTAINMENT

01 CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Check one)	02 DESCRIPTION OF DRUMS, DIKING, LINERS, BARRIERS, ETC.
<input type="checkbox"/> A. ADEQUATE, SECURE	Mill scale received from Inland Steel was weighed and then dumped on the ground with no liner or barrier. The recycled mill scale was also dumped on the ground with no liner or barrier, after treatment in the kiln.

B. MODERATE C. INADEQUATE, POOR D. INSECURE, UNSOUND, DANGEROUS

01 WASTE EASILY ACCESSIBLE: YES NO At the time of the site inspection the site had a fence, gate and a security guard (24 hrs.). RCRA TSD inspections by the state in the past three years have found the facility lacking any physical security.

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g. state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site inspection notes, Ecology & Environment, Inc. 5-5-87
Ecology & Environment files.



**POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA**

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE IN	02 SITE NUMBER D095264810

VI. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

01 PERMEABILITY OF UNSATURATED ZONE (Check one)

- A. $10^{-6} - 10^{-8}$ cm/sec B. $10^{-4} - 10^{-6}$ cm/sec C. $10^{-4} - 10^{-3}$ cm/sec D. GREATER THAN 10^{-3} cm/sec

fine sand

02 PERMEABILITY OF BEDROCK (Check one)

- A. IMPERMEABLE
(Less than 10^{-6} cm/sec) B. RELATIVELY IMPERMEABLE
($10^{-4} - 10^{-6}$ cm/sec) C. RELATIVELY PERMEABLE
($10^{-2} - 10^{-4}$ cm/sec) D. VERY PERMEABLE
(Greater than 10^{-2} cm/sec)

Silurian limestone or dolomite

03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK

135 (ft)

04 DEPTH OF CONTAMINATED SOIL ZONE

unknown (ft)

05 SOIL pH

unknown

06 NET PRECIPITATION

4 (in)

07 ONE YEAR 24 HOUR RAINFALL

2.4 (in)

08 SLOPE
SITE SLOPE

0 %

DIRECTION OF SITE SLOPE
N/A

TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOPE
0 %

09 FLOOD POTENTIAL

SITE IS IN UNKNOWN YEAR FLOODPLAIN

10

N/A

- SITE IS ON BARRIER ISLAND, COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREA, RIVERINE FLOODWAY

11 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS (5 acre minimum)

ESTUARINE

fresh water
OTHER swamp

A. N/A (mi)

B. 1000' (mi)

12 DISTANCE TO CRITICAL HABITAT (of endangered species)

> 3 (mi)

ENDANGERED SPECIES: M. yotis sodalis (Indiana bat)

13 LAND USE IN VICINITY

DISTANCE TO:

COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL

RESIDENTIAL AREAS; NATIONAL/STATE PARKS,
FORESTS, OR WILDLIFE RESERVES

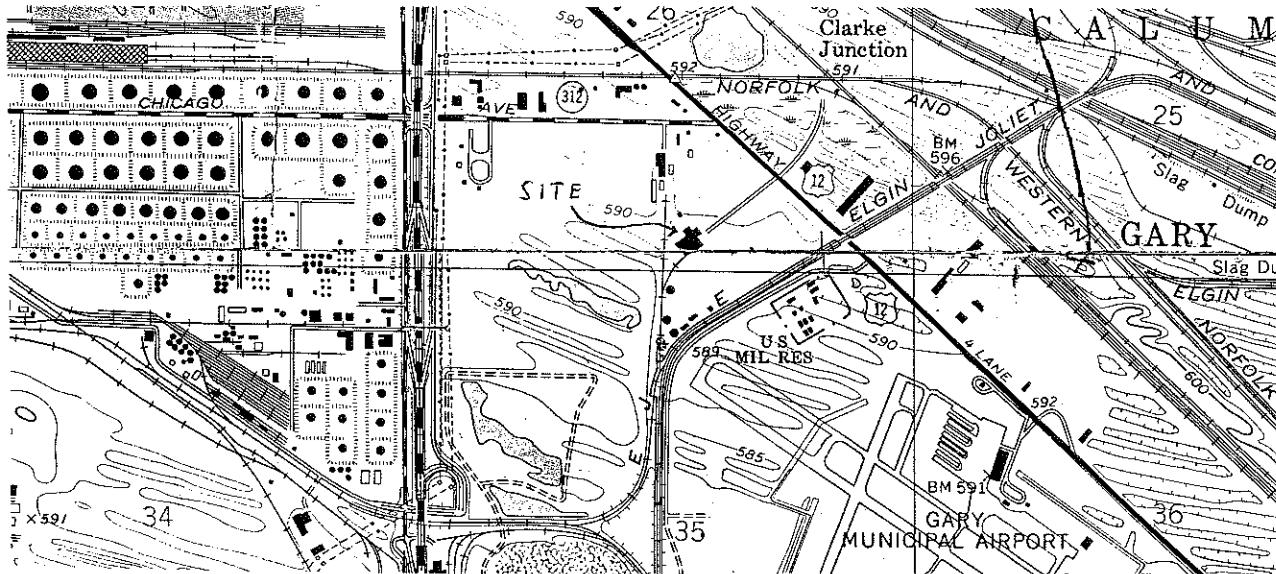
AGRICULTURAL LANDS
PRIME AG LAND AG LAND

A. 400' (mi)

B. 1 (mi)

C. > 3 (mi) D. > 3 (mi)

14 DESCRIPTION OF SITE IN RELATION TO SURROUNDING TOPOGRAPHY



VII. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Environmental Geology of Lake and Porter Counties, An Aid to Planning, Special Report #11, 1975
Climatic Atlas of the United States, U.S. Dept. of Commerce, 1979.
U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 minute topographic maps, Whiting, Highland and Gary, IN Quadrangles.



**POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT**
PART 5 - WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE IN	02 SITE NUMBER D0952 64818

II. DRINKING WATER SUPPLY

01 TYPE OF DRINKING SUPPLY (Check as applicable)		02 STATUS			03 DISTANCE TO SITE		
		SURFACE	WELL	ENDANGERED	AFFECTED	MONITORED	
COMMUNITY	A. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	B. <input type="checkbox"/>	C. <input type="checkbox"/>	D. <input type="checkbox"/>	E. <input type="checkbox"/>	F. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	A. ~1 (mi) B. 1 1/2 - 2 (mi)
NON-COMMUNITY							

III. GROUNDWATER

01 GROUNDWATER USE IN VICINITY (Check one)					
<input type="checkbox"/> A. ONLY SOURCE FOR DRINKING		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B. DRINKING (Other sources available) COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, IRRIGATION (No other water sources available)		<input type="checkbox"/> C. COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, IRRIGATION (Limited other sources available)	
				<input type="checkbox"/> D. NOT USED, UNUSEABLE	

02 POPULATION SERVED BY GROUND WATER	1-100	03 DISTANCE TO NEAREST DRINKING WATER WELL	~1 3/4 (mi)
04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER	~15 (ft)	05 DIRECTION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW	generally north, but varies
06 DEPTH TO AQUIFER OF CONCERN	0-20 (ft)	07 POTENTIAL YIELD OF AQUIFER	11 million (gpd)
08 SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER		<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	

09 DESCRIPTION OF WELLS (Including usage, depth, and location relative to population and buildings)

There are some wells, used by industry and for drinking, that extend into the bedrock. There are allegedly some wells screened in the shallow aquifer, south of the site.

10 RECHARGE AREA	11 DISCHARGE AREA
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES COMMENTS Recharge through permeable sands of surficial aquifer.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES COMMENTS Discharge into Lake Michigan and the Grand Calumet River
<input type="checkbox"/> NO	<input type="checkbox"/> NO

IV. SURFACE WATER

01 SURFACE WATER USE (Check one)			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A. RESERVOIR, RECREATION DRINKING WATER SOURCE	<input type="checkbox"/> B. IRRIGATION, ECONOMICALLY IMPORTANT RESOURCES	<input type="checkbox"/> C. COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL	<input type="checkbox"/> D. NOT CURRENTLY USED

02 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED BODIES OF WATER			
NAME:	AFFECTED	DISTANCE TO SITE	
Lake Michigan	<input type="checkbox"/>	~1	(mi)
Grand Calumet River	<input type="checkbox"/>	~1 1/2	(mi)
	<input type="checkbox"/>		

03 DEMOGRAPHIC AND PROPERTY INFORMATION		
01 TOTAL POPULATION WITHIN	02 DISTANCE TO NEAREST POPULATION	
ONE (1) MILE OF SITE A. ~800 NO. OF PERSONS	TWO (2) MILES OF SITE B. ~10,260 NO. OF PERSONS	THREE (3) MILES OF SITE C. ~34,560 NO. OF PERSONS
		1 (mi)

03 NUMBER OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO (2) MILES OF SITE	04 DISTANCE TO NEAREST OFF-SITE BUILDING
2,700	200' (ft)

05 POPULATION WITHIN VICINITY OF SITE (Provide narrative description of nature of population within vicinity of site, e.g., rural, village, densely populated urban area)	
The area around the site is very industrial. To the west, northwest and south are densely populated urban areas. About one quarter of the three mile radius is in Lake Michigan.	



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 6 - SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
IN	0095264818

II. SAMPLES TAKEN

SAMPLE TYPE	01 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN	02 SAMPLES SENT TO	03 ESTIMATED DATE RESULTS AVAILABLE
GROUNDWATER			
SURFACE WATER			
WASTE			
AIR			
RUNOFF			
SPILL			
SOIL	4	Inorganics: Mack Labs Organics: Spectrex	Data is available
VEGETATION			
OTHER			

III. FIELD MEASUREMENTS TAKEN

01 TYPE	02 COMMENTS
h Na	no readings above background
Explosimeter	" " "
O ₂ meter	" " "
Rad-mini	" " " "
Drager tubes	no color change

IV. PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAPS

01 TYPE	02 GROUND	03 AERIAL	02 IN CUSTODY OF	Ecology & Environment, Inc files <small>(Name of organization or individual)</small>
03 MAPS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO	04 LOCATION OF MAPS		Ecology & Environment, Inc files

V. OTHER FIELD DATA COLLECTED (Provide narrative description)

NONE

VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Analytical data, Ecology & Environment, Inc files - Sampling data: 5/5/87
Site safety plan & field notes, Ecology & Environment files: 5/5/87



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 7 - OWNER INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE <i>IN</i>	02 SITE NUMBER <i>D 095204818</i>

II. CURRENT OWNER(S)

01 NAME <i>Avondale Industries, Inc.</i>	02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME <i>N/A</i>	09 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.) <i>20521 Chagrin Boulevard</i>	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	11 SIC CODE		
05 CITY <i>Cleveland</i>	06 STATE <i>OH</i>	07 ZIP CODE <i>44122-5390</i>	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME	09 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	11 SIC CODE		
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME	09 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	11 SIC CODE		
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	08 NAME	09 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	11 SIC CODE		
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 ZIP CODE

III. PREVIOUS OWNER(S) (List most recent first).

01 NAME <i>Industrial Disposal</i>	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME <i>N/A</i>	02 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE		
05 CITY <i>East Chicago</i>	06 STATE <i>IN</i>	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE		
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE		
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site inspection interview with company representative, 5/5/87



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 8 - OPERATOR INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE IN	02 SITE NUMBER D 0952 E 4818

II. CURRENT OPERATOR <small>(Provide if different from owner)</small>		OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANY <small>(If applicable)</small>				
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER			
03 STREET ADDRESS <small>(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)</small>		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS <small>(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)</small>		13 SIC CODE	
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE	
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER					
III. PREVIOUS OPERATOR(S) <small>(List most recent first; provide only if different from owner)</small>						
01 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	10 NAME	11 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS <small>(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)</small>		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS <small>(P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)</small>		13 SIC CODE	
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	14 CITY	15 STATE	16 ZIP CODE	
08 YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER DURING THIS PERIOD					
IV. SOURCES OF INFORMATION <small>(Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)</small>						
ECOLOGY & ENVIRONMENT (F1T)- FILES						



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 9 - GENERATOR/TRANSPORTER INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE <i>IN</i>	02 SITE NUMBER <i>D 095264818</i>
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II. ON-SITE GENERATOR

01 NAME <i>N/A</i>	02 D+B NUMBER			
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE		
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE		

III. OFF-SITE GENERATOR(S)

01 NAME <i>N/A</i>	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

IV. TRANSPORTER(S)

01 NAME <i>Inland Steel Co.</i>	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	
05 CITY <i>East Chicago</i>	06 STATE <i>IN</i>	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE
01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER	01 NAME	02 D+B NUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)		04 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD #, etc.)	04 SIC CODE	
05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE	05 CITY	06 STATE	07 ZIP CODE

V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site inspection notes, Ecology & Environment, Inc 5/5/87.



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

I. IDENTIFICATION	
01 STATE <i>IN</i>	02 SITE NUMBER <i>D 095264818</i>

II. PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

01 <input type="checkbox"/> A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PROVIDED 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> D. SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> E. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> F. WASTE REPACKAGED 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> H. ON SITE BURIAL 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> I. IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> J. IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> K. IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> L. ENCAPSULATION 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> M. EMERGENCY WASTE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> N. CUTOFF WALLS 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> O. EMERGENCY DIKING/SURFACE WATER DIVERSION 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> Q. SUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL 04 DESCRIPTION <i>N/A</i>	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE	02 SITE NUMBER
IN	0095264818

II PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES (Continued)

01 <input type="checkbox"/> R. BARRIER WALLS CONSTRUCTED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> S. CAPPING/COVERING 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> T. BULK TANKAGE REPAIRED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> U. GROUT CURTAIN CONSTRUCTED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> V. BOTTOM SEALED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> W. GAS CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> X. FIRE CONTROL 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> Z. AREA EVACUATED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> 1. ACCESS TO SITE RESTRICTED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> 2. POPULATION RELOCATED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____
01 <input type="checkbox"/> 3. OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE _____	03 AGENCY _____

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site inspection interview with Derek Harold 5/5/87.



POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE
SITE INSPECTION REPORT
PART 11-ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE IN	02 SITE NUMBER D0952 64818
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II. ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

01 PAST REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION YES NO

02 DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

In May 1981, Luria Bros. applied for a hazardous waste processing permit to dry mill scale by rotary kiln. In December 1981, the facility ceased operations and vacated the property. Luria Bros. submitted a closure plan to the USEPA, Region II on April, 1982. The closure plan was modified and public noticed by the USEPA.

The Indiana State Board of Health (ISBH) made a post closure inspection of the site on July 18, 1984. On November 8, 1985 the RCRA interim permit terminated when the owner failed to submit the second part of the closure plan to the US EPA. The ISBH conducted a RCRA TSD land disposal compliance inspection of Luria Bros. on March 10, 1986. No enforcement action has taken place at the site to date.

III. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cite specific references, e.g., state files, sample analysis, reports)

Site inspection interview with Derek Harold, 5/5/87
Ecology & Environment files.

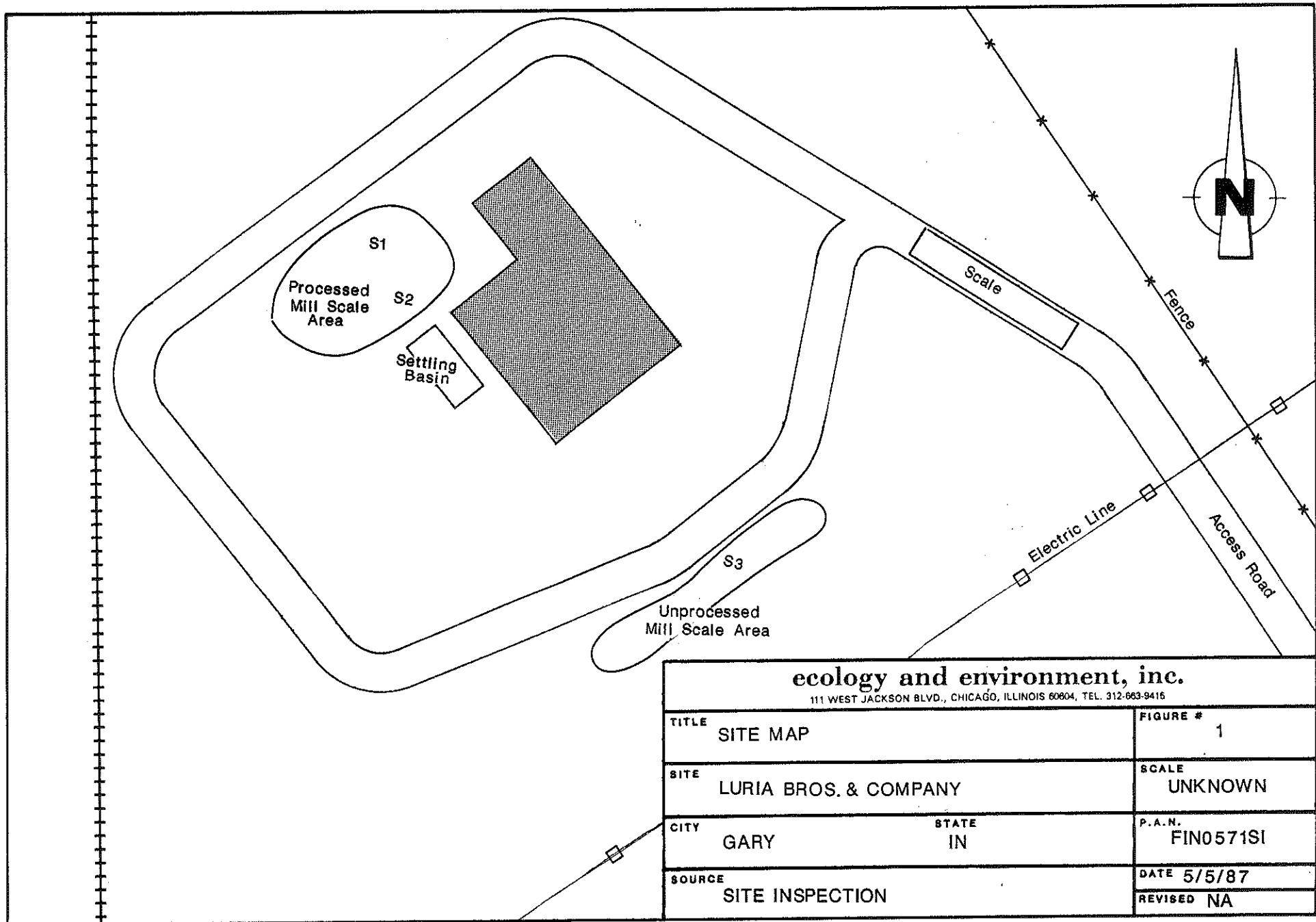
Immediate Removal Action Check Sheet

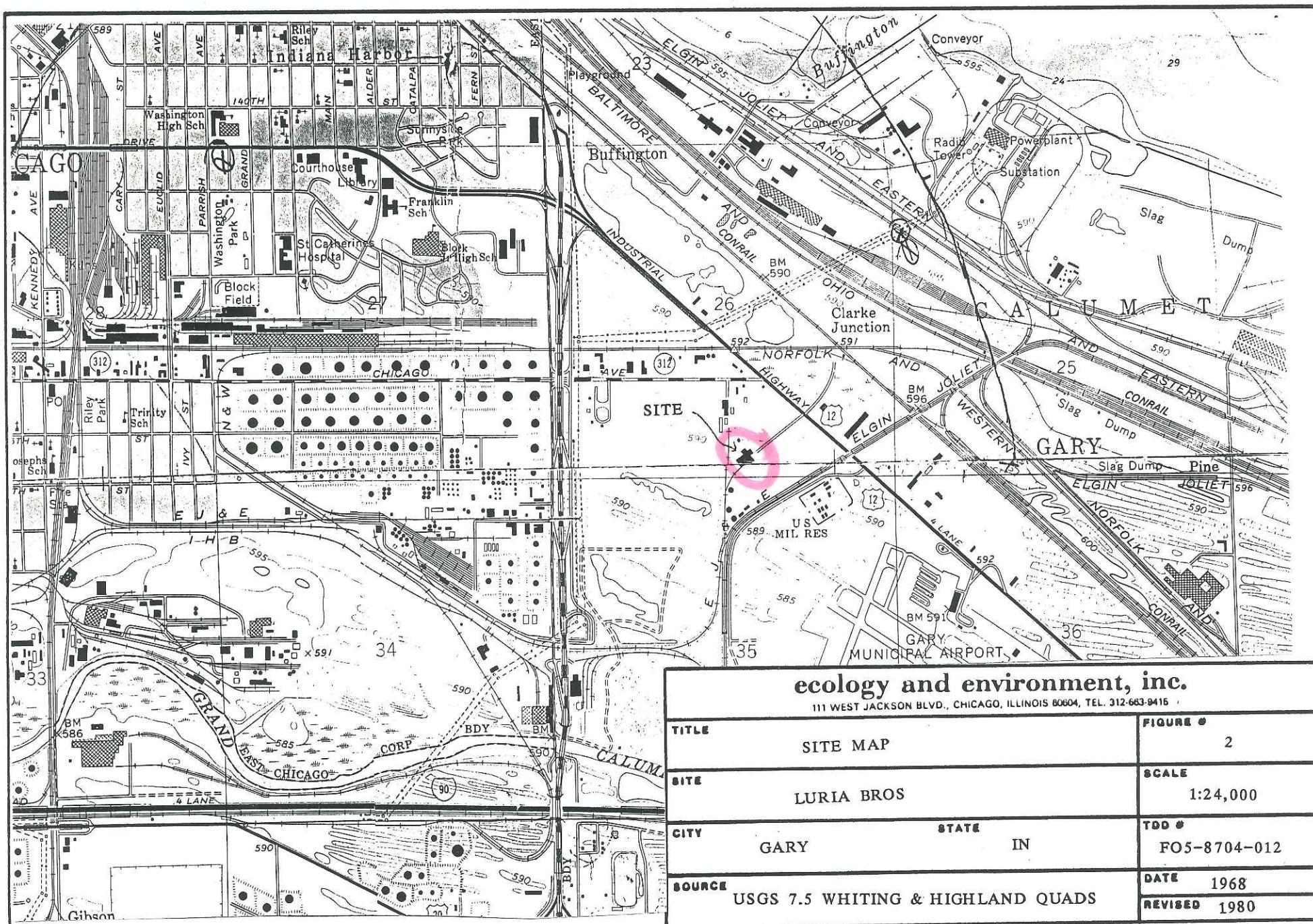
	High	Moderate	Low
<u>Fire and Explosion Hazard</u>			
Flammable Materials			✓
Explosives			✓
Incompatible Chemicals			✓
<u>Direct Contact with Acutely Toxic Chemicals</u>			
Site Security			✓
Leaking Drums or Tanks			✓
Open Lagoons or pits			✓
Materials on Surface	heavy metals: Mercury, Cadmium and Copper	✓	✓
Proximity of Population			
Evidence of Casual Site Use		✓	
<u>Contaminated Water Supply</u>			
Exceeds 10 Day Snarl			✓
Gross Taste or Odors			✓
Alternate Water Available			✓
Potential Contamination			✓

Is the site abandoned or active? Inactive

Comments There is some evidence of casual site use at the Luria Bros. facility. During the site inspection, FIT noticed a mattress and other refuse on the facility that the site representative couldn't explain. The debris on-site would seem to indicate the site was at one time accessible to the public. The site is currently fenced, with a locked gate, and a 24 hour security guard.

Previous RCRA TSD inspections by the state of Indiana have indicated the site had no physical security.





ecology and environment, inc.

111 WEST JACKSON BLVD., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604, TEL. 312-683-9415

TITLE	FIGURE #	
SITE MAP	2	
SITE	SCALE	
LURIA BROS.	1:24,000	
CITY	STATE	TDD #
GARY	IN	FO5-8704-012
SOURCE	DATE	REVISED
USGS 7.5 WHITING & HIGHLAND QUADS	1968	1980



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International Specialists in the Environment

MEMORANDUM

DATE: July 31, 1987
TO: File
FROM: Steve Anderson
SUBJECT: Indiana/F05-8704-012/FIN0571SI
Gary/Luria Bros.
IND095264818

An undetected problem with the camera resulted in site pictures being blurred. Facility photos are somewhat distinguishable but those of the sample ID sheets are not legible. These are on file at Ecology & Environment, Chicago, Illinois. The camera used was a 35mm Canon 1, ID Letter B.

07W:2F

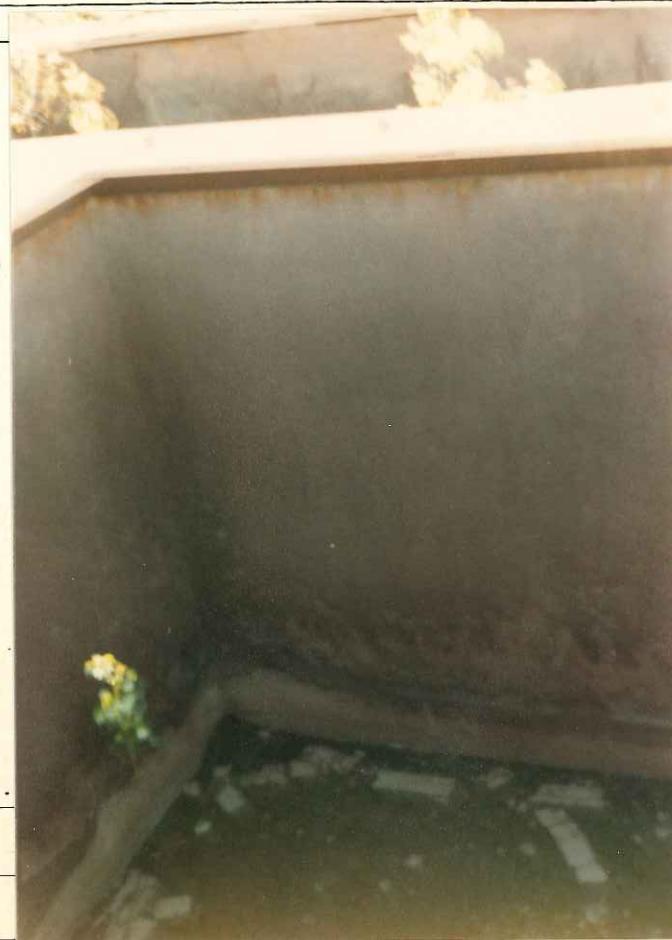
FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 1 of 6DATE 5/5/87TIME 11:00 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WNW NW NNWWEATHER 60° F, little wind,
sunnySITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
N/ADESCRIPTION: View at main building.DATE 5/5/87TIME 11:10 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WNW NW NNWWEATHER 60° F, little wind,
sunnySITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
N/ADESCRIPTION: View of settling
basin

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 2 of 6

DATE 5/5/87TIME 11:10 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE

E ESE SE SSE

S SSW SW WSW

W WNW NW NNW

WEATHER 60°F, little wind,
sunnySITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
S2DESCRIPTION: Recycled mill scalearea WSW of main buildingDATE 5/5/87TIME 11:40 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE

E ESE SE SSE

S SSW SW WSW

W WNW NW NNW

WEATHER 60°F, little wind,
sunnySITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
S2DESCRIPTION: View of SW end
of building

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 3 of 6

DATE 5/5/87TIME 11:40 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WNW NW NNW

WEATHER 60°F, little wind,
sunny

SITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve Anderson

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

S2DESCRIPTION: View of SWend of buildingDATE 5/5/87TIME 11:40 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WNW NW NNW

WEATHER 60°F, little wind
sunny

SITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve Anderson

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

S2DESCRIPTION: View of SWend of building

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 4 of 6

DATE 5/5/87TIME 12:00 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WNW NW NNW

WEATHER 60°F, little wind,
sunny

SITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
N/ADESCRIPTION: Main buildingDATE 5/5/87TIME 12:00 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WNW NW NNW

WEATHER 60°F, little
wind, sunny

SITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
N/ADESCRIPTION: View of ConservatioChemical which is adjacent to the property

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 5 of 6DATE 5/5/87TIME 12:00 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WWN NW NNWWEATHER 60°F, little wind,
sunnySITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-017

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
N/ADESCRIPTION: Main building and kilnDATE 5/5/87TIME 12:00 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WNW NW NNWWEATHER 60°F, little wind,
sunnySITE Luria BrosTDD# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
N/ADESCRIPTION: 55 Gallon drums containing oil in the
east end of the building

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 6 of 6DATE 5/7/87TIME 12:10 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W WNW NW NNW

WEATHER 60°F, little wind
sunny

SITE Luria Bros.TDO# F05-8704-012

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Steve AndersonSAMPLE ID# (if applicable)
N/A

DESCRIPTION: Mattress in NE corner of building. Owner
doesn't know origin



SURVEY OF THE ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SAMPLES WHICH WERE TAKEN DURING FIELD ACTIVITIES CAN BE FOUND IN THE FOLLOWING TABLES. ONLY DETECTABLE CONCENTRATIONS ARE REPORTED. HOWEVER, IF THE COMPOUND HAS A FOOTNOTE FOLLOWING THE VALUE, CONSULT THE DEFINITION OF THE FOOTNOTE PROVIDED BELOW. ADDITIONAL QA/QC INFORMATION IS PROVIDED IN THE ATTACHED DATA SHEETS.

REPORTING UNITS

A. Organics

1. Water Samples - ug/L or ppb (parts per billion)
2. Soils or Sediments - ug/kg or ppb (parts per billion)

B. Metals

1. Water Samples - ug/L or ppb
2. Soils or Sediments - mg/kg or ppm

II. DEFINITION OF FOOTNOTES TO ANALYTICAL DATA

A. Organics

FOOTNOTE	DEFINITION	INTERPRETATION
UJ	Detection Limit (DL) is estimated because of a Quality Control (QC) protocol. DL is possibly above or below Contract Required Detection Limit (CRDL).	Compound was not detected
UB	Compound found in laboratory blank. No value above CRDL.	Compound was not detected
UJB	Compound found in laboratory blank, but not detected in sample. CRDL is estimated because of a QC protocol.	Compound was not detected
B	Compound found in blank. Two interpretations are possible: a. If sample value is equivalent to DL to 5x blank concentration; b. If sample value is greater than 5x the blank concentration.	Compound value is semi-quantitative Compound value is quantitative
JB	Compound found in blank, value is estimated because of QC protocol.	Compound value is semi-quantitative
R	Do Not Use Value. Major Violation of QC Protocol.	Compound value is not usable
C	Value adjusted for blank (an unacceptable procedure).	Compound value is semi-quantitative
J	Value is above CRDL and is an estimated value because of a QC protocol.	Compound value is semi-quantitative
Q	No Analytical Result.	Compound was not detected
N	Presumptive evidence for the presence of a compound as used for a Tentatively Identified Compound (TIC).	Compound value is semi-quantitative

B. Metals

FOOTNOTE	DEFINITION	INTERPRETATION
E	Estimated or not reported due to interference. See laboratory narrative.	Compound or element was not detected or value is semi-quantitative
s	Analysis by Method of Standard Additions (Look for a "+" footnote).	Value is quantitative
R	Spike recoveries outside QC protocols which indicates a possible matrix problem. Data may be biased high or low See spike results and laboratory narrative.	Value may be quantitative or semi-quantitative
*	Duplicate value outside QC protocols which indicates a possible matrix problem.	Value is semi-quantitative
+	Correlation coefficient for standard additions is less than 0.995. See review and laboratory narrative.	Data value is biased
[]	Value is real, but is above instrument DL and below CRDL.	Value may be quantitative or semi-quantitative
UJ	DL is estimated because of a QC protocol. DL is possibly above or below CRDL.	Compound or element was not detected
J	Value is above CRDL and is an estimated value because of a QC Protocol.	Value is semi-quantitative

COMPOUND	ITC SAMPLE	MEM 040	MEM 039	MEM 038	MEM 037						
	ITC	EL 312	EL 311	EL 310	EL 309						
chloromethane											
bromomethane											
vinyl chloride											
chloroethane											
methylene chloride		10. J	7.1 J	6.5 J	4.6 J						
acetone											
carbon disulfide											
1,1-dichloroethene											
1,1-dichloroethane											
trans-1,2-dichloroethene											
chloroform											
1,2-dichloroethane											
2-butanone											
1,1,1-trichloroethane											
carbon tetrachloride											
vinyl acetate											
bromodichloromethane											
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane											
1,2-dichloropropane											
trans-1,3-dichloropropene											
trichloroethene											
dibromochloromethane											
1,1,2-trichloroethane											
benzene			1.7 J								
cis-1,3-dichloropropene											
2-chloroethylvinylether											
bromoform											
2-hexanone											
4-methyl-2-pentanone											
tetrachloroethene											
toluene											
chlorobenzene											
ethylbenzene											
styrene											
total xylenes											
N-nitrosodimethylamine											
phenol											
aniline											
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether											
2-chlorophenol											
1,3-dichlorobenzene											
1,4-dichlorobenzene											
benzyl alcohol											
1,2-dichlorobenzene											
2-methylphenol											
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether											
4-methylphenol											
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine											
hexachloroethane											
nitrobenzene											
isophrone											
2-nitrophenol											
2,4-dimethylphenol											
benzoic acid											
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane											
2,4-dichlorophenol											
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene											
naphthalene			31 J								
4-chloroaniline											
hexachlorobutadiene											
4-chloro-3-methylphenol											
2-methylnaphthalene											
hexachlorocyclopentadiene											
2,4,6-trichlorophenol											
2,4,5-trichlorophenol											
2-chloronaphthalene											
2-nitroaniline											
dimethyl phthalate											
acenaphthylene											
3-nitroaniline											
acenaphthene											
2,4-dinitrophenol											
4-nitrophenol											
dibenzofuran											
2,4-dinitrotoluene											
2,6-dinitrotoluene											
diethylphthalate											
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether											
fluorene											
4-nitroaniline											
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol											
N-nitrosodiphenylamine											
4-bromophenyl-phenylether											
hexachlorobenzene											

COMPOUND	IIC OTC	MEM 040	MEM 039	MEM 038	MEM 037						
SAMPLE		EL 312	EL 311	EL 310	EL 309						
pentachlorophenol											
phenanthrene			66J	87J	110J						
anthracene											
di-n-butylphthalate											
fluoranthene			120J	160J	200J						
benzidine											
pyrene		49J	120J	160J	150J						
butylbenzylphthalate											
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine											
benzo(a)anthracene											
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate		330J			130J						
chrysene			57J	120J							
di-n-octyl phthalate			52J	220J							
benzo(b&k)fluoranthene				120J							
benzo(a)pyrene				120J							
indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene				120J							
dibenzo(s,h)anthracene											
benzo(g,h,i)perylene				110J							
alpha-BHC											
beta-BHC											
delta-BHC											
gamma-BHC(lindane)											
heptachlor											
aldrin											
heptachlor epoxide											
endosulfan I											
dieldrin											
4,4'-DDE											
endrin											
endosulfan II											
4,4'-DDD											
endrin aldehyde											
endosulfan sulfate											
4,4'-DDT											
methoxychlor											
endrin ketone											
chlorodane											
toxaphene											
Aroclor-1016											
Aroclor-1221											
Aroclor-1232											
Aroclor-1242											
Aroclor-1248											
Aroclor-1254											
Aroclor-1260											
ELEMENT											
aluminum											
antimony											
arsenic		56			10						
barium											
beryllium											
cadmium		36	32	25							
calcium											
chromium											
cobalt											
copper		351	225	280	28						
iron		635,000	547,000	342,000	15,400						
lead		438	170	147	130						
magnesium											
manganese											
mercury		919	0.18	0.28	1.8						
nickel		167	122	76	27						
potassium											
selenium					8						
silver											
sodium											
thallium											
tin				36							
vanadium											
zinc											
cyanide	CHECK IF ANALYZED ()										
TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED ORGANICS											
Tetrahydrofuran		7J	22J	20J	22J						
Acetic acid, 1-methylethyl ester				5,600J	3,200J						
heptane, 3,5-dimethyl hexanoic acid, mono (2-ethylhexyl) ester					380J						
heptane, 2,3,6-trimethyl phenol, 3-(1,1-dimethylethylidyl)-		750J	910J	330J							
methane, trichlorofluoro-				290J							
2-pentanol, 2,4-dimethyl		170J		5J							

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

FOS 8704-012

ME LAB ID# LUPA. BZOS. / FOS-8702-04+

CASE NUMBER 7226

SAMPLE #/STATION LOCATION S1

SAMPLING DATE 5-5-87 SAMPLING TIME 1110

ORGANIC TRAFFIC NUMBER EL 312

INORGANIC TRAFFIC NUMBER MEM 046

BOTTLE	ANALYSIS	TAG NUMBERS	LOT NUMBER
8 oz. x1	m/c	5-27801	F7058052
8 oz. x1	Extractable	5-27803, 5-27802	F63 F7058052
120 ml. x2	VOA	5-27804	D7086091
			J7086091

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION AT TIME OF COLLECTION: Reddish Brown in color

SAMPLE IS A SLUDGE

PHYSICAL CHANGES FROM TIME OF COLLECTION UNTIL SHIPMENT: NONE

INSTRUMENT READINGS N/A

pH

N/A

CONDUCTIVITY

N/A

TEMPERATURE

N/A

ORGANKS WENT TO Spectrex
IGORSTONICS went to MACK LABS

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

THE MATERIAL: Luria B100. /FOS-8702-041
 CASE NUMBER: 7226

SAMPLE /STATION LOCATION: S2

SAMPLING DATE: 5-5-87 SAMPLING TIME: 1130

ORGANIC TRAFFIC NUMBER: EL 311
 INORGANIC TRAFFIC NUMBER: MEM 039

BOTTLE	ANALYSIS	TAG NUMBERS	LOT NUMBER
B02. x1	m/c	5-27809	F7058052
B02. x1	EXTRACTABLE	5-27812	F7058052
120ml. x2	VOA	5-27811, 5-27810	D7086091
			D7086091

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION AT TIME OF COLLECTION: BLACK, WELL AERATED,
 some moisture present

PHYSICAL CHANGES FROM TIME OF COLLECTION UNTIL SHIPMENT: none

INSTRUMENT READINGS	w/a
pH	w/a
CONDUCTIVITY	w/a
TEMPERATURE	w/a

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

COLLECTOR LORIA BROS. / FOS-8702-041
 DATE NUMBER 7 226

SAMPLE /STATION LOCATION S3

SAMPLING DATE 5-5-87 SAMPLING TIME (200

ORGANIC TRAFFIC NUMBER EL 310

INORGANIC TRAFFIC NUMBER HEM 038

BOTTLE	ANALYSIS	TAG NUMBERS	LOT NUMBER
8oz x1	W/C	5-27805	F7058052
8oz.x1	Extractable	5-27808	F7058052
120ml. x2	W/A	5-27806, 5-27807	D7086091
			07086091

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION AT TIME OF COLLECTION: Black, well aerated,
Some moisture present

PHYSICAL CHANGES FROM TIME OF COLLECTION UNTIL SHIPMENT: NONE

INSTRUMENT READINGS n/a

pH n/a

CONDUCTIVITY n/a

TEMPERATURE n/a

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LABORATORY Luca Bros. / FOS-8702-041
CASE NUMBER 7226

SAMPLE /STATION LOCATION S4 (BACKGROUND)

SAMPLING DATE 5-5-87 SAMPLING TIME 1300

ORGANIC TRAFFIC NUMBER EL 309

INORGANIC TRAFFIC NUMBER MEM 637

BOTTLE	ANALYSIS	TAG NUMBERS	LOT NUMBER
8 oz. x 1	W/C	5-27816	F7058052
8 oz. x 1	Extractable	5-27813	F7058052
120 ml. x 2	VOC	5-27815, 5-27814	07086091, D7086091

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION AT TIME OF COLLECTION: BLACK, WELL AERATED

PHYSICAL CHANGES FROM TIME OF COLLECTION UNTIL SHIPMENT: NONE

INSTRUMENT READINGS N/A

pH N/A

CONDUCTIVITY N/A

TEMPERATURE N/A

RECEIVED JUN 25 1987



ecology and environment, inc.

111 WEST JACKSON BLVD., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604, TEL. 312-663-9415
International Specialists in the Environment

Date Received for Review 6/24

Date Review Completed 6/25

To:

From: Zena Gold-Kaufman ZK

Subject: Luria Bros

PAN: IN0571

Case # 7226

Sample Description

Organics (VOA, ABN, Pest/PCB)

4

Low Soil
Low Water
Drinking Water
Other

Inorganics (Metals, Cyanide)

Low Soil
Low Water
Drinking Water
Other

Project Data Status _____

Completed!!

_____ Incomplete, awaiting: 4 soils inorganic

FIT Data Review Findings:

no compounds detected above CRDL.
Several PATTs detected below CRDL - these
are circled on OAOS forms.

Compounds were detected in sample(s); see enclosed Chemical Evaluation Form.

Book No. 6 Page No. 90

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION V

DATE: 6/23/87

SUBJECT: Review of Region V CLP Data
Received for Review on 6/16/87

FROM: Curtis Ross, Director (5SCR) Patrick J. Chinn
Central Regional Laboratory

TO: Data User: Jet

RECEIVED JUN 24 1987

We have reviewed the data for the following case(s).

SITE NAME: Luria Bios 8 Co. SMO case No. 7226
EPA Data Set No. 5F3968 No. of Samples: 4 D.U./Activity Numbers Y905/C22100
CRL No. 87FK06526 - 87FK06529
SMO Traffic No. EL309 - EL312
CLP Laboratory: Spectrap Hrs. Required for Review: 8

Following are our findings: This review covers a total of 4 soil sample. Samples were submitted for full organic analysis. Holding times were met for all sample extractions, according to contract requirements. Instrument tuning fell within specified ranges. There were a few calibration outliers, but none that should seriously affect the integrity of the overall calibration. The method blanks for VOA & PCB/PEST were clean. There were a few high concentration unknown compounds in the semi-VOA.

- Data are acceptable for use.
- Data are acceptable for use with qualifications noted above.
- Data are preliminary - pending verification by Contractor Laboratory.
- Data are unacceptable.

cc: Duane Geuder, Quality Assurance Officer, EPA Support Services
James Petty, Chief Quality Assurance Research, EMSL, Las Vegas

Contractor: Spectrix D.C.

Case 7226

Below is a summary of the out of control audits and the possible effects on the data for this case:

RECEIVED JUN 24 1987
Analysis, but only a few showed up in the samples as indicated on the TIC data sheets. Surrogate recovery was good, all % recoveries were within contract ranges. Overall ms/msn % recoveries were also within specified ranges. The data contained within appears to be sound. Therefore, in my opinion, the data is acceptable for use.

Reviewed by:

Kane, Dennis-Flagler,

Phone:

353-9079

Date:

6-22-87

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION V
CALIBRATION OUTLIERS
VOLATILE HSL COMPOUNDS

CASE# 7226

CONTRACTOR Spectrix Inc.

* These flags should be applied to the analytes on the sample data sheets.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION V
 CALIBRATION OUTLIERS
 SEMIVOLATILE HSL COMPOUNDS

(Page 1)

CASE# 7226

CONTRACTOR Spectrix

REF
DOP

	Init. Cal.	Cont. Cal.										
DATE/TIME:	5/11	5/11 10:40										
	RF	%RSD	*	RF	%D	*	RF	%D	*	RF	%D	*
Phenol												
bis(-2-Chloroethyl)Ether												
2-Chlorophenol												
1,3-Dichlorobenzene												
1,4-Dichlorobenzene												
Benzyl Alcohol												
1,2-Dichlorobenzene												
2-Methylphenol												
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)Ether												
4-Methylphenol												
N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine												
Hexachloroethane												
Nitrobenzene												
Isophorone												
2-Nitrophenol												
2,4-Dimethylphenol												
Benzoic Acid												
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane												
2,4-Dichlorophenol												
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene												
Naphthalene												
4-Chloroaniline		46.8 J		52.8 J								
Hexachlorobutadiene												
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol												
2-Methylnaphthalene												
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene												
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol												
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol					25.3							
2-Chloronaphthalene												
2-Nitroaniline												
Dimethyl Phthalate												
Acenaphthylene												
3-Nitroaniline		46.6 J										
Acenaphthene												
2,4-Dinitrophenol					93.0							
4-Nitrophenol												
Dibenzofuran												
AFFECTED SAMPLES:			EL 309									
			EL 310									
			EL 311									
			EL 312									

* These flags should be applied to the analytes on the sample data sheets.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION V
 CALIBRATION OUTLIERS
 SEMIVOLATILE HSL COMPOUNDS

Page 2

CONTRACTOR Spectrix D.Q.

RECEIVED JUNE 2, 1987

CASE#

7226

	Init. Cal.	Cont. Cal.						
DATE/TIME:	5/11	5/17 10:40						
	RF	%RSD *	RF	%D *	RF	%D *	RF	%D *
2,4-Dinitrotoluene								
2,6-Dinitrotoluene								
Diethylphthalate								
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether			7226 J					
Fluorene								
4-Nitroaniline								
4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol			33.9 J					
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine								
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether								
Hexachlorobenzene								
Pentachlorophenol								
Phenanthrene								
Anthracene								
Di-n-Butylphthalate								
Fluoranthene								
Pyrene								
Butylbenzylphthalate								
Benzo(a)Anthracene								
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate								
Chrysene								
Di-n-Octyl Phthalate								
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene			59.0					
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene								
Benzo(a)Pyrene								
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene								
Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene								
Benzo(g,h,i) Perylene								

SEE PAGE 1 FOR Affected SAMPLES.

* These flags should be applied to the analytes on the sample data sheets.

SECTION I

NARRATIVE

LABORATORY: SPECTRIX - HOUSTONDOC CONT NO: 7226-5 -21CASE NO: 7226QC REPORT NO: 224CELAB NO: 8705013CONTRACT NO: 68-01-74469

I. RECEIPT

- A. DATE: 5-6-87
- B. NO. OF SAMPLES: 4 + QC
- C. SMO NUMBERS: EL309, EL810, EL311, EL312
- D. SAMPLE TYPE: SOIL
- E. ANALYSIS REQUESTED: FULL Organic following CLP Protocol.
- F. SHIPPING PROBLEMS: None
- G. DOCUMENTATION PROBLEMS: Sample tags not listed on COC.
- H. QC DISTRIBUTION:

LEVEL	MATRIX	VOA	SV	PEST
LOW	WATER	NA	NA	NA
	SOIL	EL310	EL310	EL309
MEDIUM	WATER	NA	NA	NA
	SOIL	NA	NA	NA

II. PREPARATION

- A. ANALYTICAL LEVELS: All soil samples in this Case are low level.

- B. EXTRACTION PROBLEMS: None

III. ANALYSIS

A. ANALYSIS PROBLEMS: CCC ethylbenzene for KPA standard analyzed on 5/16/87 was 31.9%. The choice at the time was miss holding times or go with ethylbenzene the only ⁴⁴₂₄ problem.

1587

B. SURROGATE RECOVERIES: Surrogate recoveries are within contract required limits.

IV. COMMENTS: None

Thomas Ritterman

Project Manager

RECEIVED
SOIL SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERY SUMMARY
(Page 1)

Case No. 7226

Loc XXX Medium

Contract Laboratory SPECTRIX CORP.

Contract No. 68-01-714

	VOLATILE							SEMI-VOLATILE							> PEST			
			1,2-Di												12,4,6-1			
	Toluene	BFB	Chloro	Nitro	2-Fluo	Terphe									Phenol	2-Fluo	Tribro	Dibut
	e-d8		ethane	benzene	robiph	nyl-d1									d5	rophen	mophen	chlcl
			-d4	-d5	enyl	4									ol	ol	endat	
SMO																		*
TRAFFIC	81	74	70	23	30	18									24	25	19	24
NO.	117	121	121	120	115	137									113	121	122	15
EL309	105	82	89	44	54	55									48	50	30	116
EL310	106	84	91	42	57	58									47	51	36	106
EL310MS	104	87	89	71	89	67									78	74	77	NR
EL310MSD	102	82	85	65	79	42									64	62	75	NR
EL311	100	93	94	65	71	77									71	79	55	123
EL312	100	95	95	59	66	7.6									62	67	41	111
MB1	97	98	94	74	83	80									71	75	62	100
EL309MS	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR									NR	NR	NR	NR
EL309MSD	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR									NR	NR	NR	NR

* VALUES ARE OUTSIDE OF CONTRACT
REQUIRED QC LIMITS

** ADVISORY LIMITS ONLY

Volatiles: 0 out of 21; outside of QC lim
Semi-Volatiles: 0 out of 42; outside of QC lim
Pesticides: 0 out of 7; outside of QC lim

Comments:

NR - NOT REQUIRED

FORM II

000005

RECEIVED 7/1/81
SOIL MATRIX SPIKE / MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RECOVERYCase No. 7226
Low Level XXXContractor SPECTRIX CORP.
Medium Level

Contract No. 88-01-7149

FRACTION	COMPOUND	CONC. ADDED (ug/Kg)	SPIKE	SAMPLE	CONC.	%	CONC.	%	QC LIMITS*	RPD/REC-REC
			RESULT	MS	REC	MSD	REC	MSD	REC	
VOA	1,1-Dichloroethene	55	0.	51	93	47	85	9	22	59-172
SMO	Trichloroethene	-	0.	36	65	32	58*	11	24	62-137
SAMPLE NO.	Chlorobenzene		0.	56	102	49	89	14	21	60-135
EL310	Toluene		0.	49	89	47	85	5	21	59-139
	Benzene		0.	47	85	44	80	7	21	65-142
B/N	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene . . .	1830	0	10.99	60	10.30	56	7	23	38-107
SMO	Acenaphthene	-	0	1509	82	1398	76	8	19	31-137
SAMPLE NO.	2,4-Dinitrotoluene		0	1326	72	1199	66	9	47	28-89
EL310	Pyrene		159	15.14	74	850	38	64*	36	35-142
	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	V	0	1104	60	876	48	22	38	41-126
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	3660	0	971	27*	810	22*	20	27	28-104
ACID	Pentachlorophenol	-	0	1799	49	1791	49	0	47	17-109
SMO	Phenol	-	0	2547	70	2028	55	24	35	26-90
SAMPLE NO.	2-Chlorophenol		0	2227	61	1895	53	16	50	25-102
EL310	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol . . .		0	3425	94	2889	79	17	33	26-103
	4-Nitrophenol		0	4453	121	3792	104	16	50	11-114
PEST	Lindane	34	0	35	103	38	112	8	50	46-127
SMO	Heptachlor	34	0	35	103	38	112	8	31	35-130
SAMPLE NO.	Aldrin	34	0	3	109	41	121	10	43	34-132
EL309	Dieldrin	85	0	100	118	111	131	10	38	31-134
	Endrin	85	0	96	113	105	124	9	45	42-139
	4,4'-DDT	85	0	113	133	128	151*	13	50	23-134

* ASTERISKED VALUES ARE OUTSIDE QC LIMITS

RPD: VOAs 0 out of 5; outside QC limits RECOVERY: VOAs 1 out of 10; outside QC limits
 B/N 1 out of 6; outside QC limits B/N 2 out of 12; outside QC limits
 ACID 0 out of 5; outside QC limits ACID 0 out of 10; outside QC limits
 PEST 0 out of 6; outside QC limits PEST 1 out of 12; outside QC limits

Comments:

FORM III

000006

METHOD BLANK SUMMARY

SPELUNKIUS. 111

1987

Case No. 7226 Region 5 Contractor SPECIRIX

000007

Commentaries

FORM IV

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SPECTRIX D^{ECENT} #7226-5-8

Sample Number
EL909

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(Page 1)

Laboratory Name: SPECTRIX CORP.
Lab Sample ID No: 870501306
Sample Matrix: SOIL
Data Release Authorized By: TJD

Case No: 7226
QC Report No: 221
Contract No: 68-01-7149
Date Sample Received: 05/06/87

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: LOW
Date Extracted/Prepared: 05/16/87
Date Analyzed: 05/16/87
Conc/Dil Factor: 1. pH 7.69
Percent Moisture: (Not Decanted) 22.0

CAS Number		ug/kg	CAS Number		ug/kg
74-87-3	Chloromethane	13. U	78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane . . .	6.4U
74-83-9	Bromomethane	13. U	10061-02-6	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene .	6.4U
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	13. U	79-01-6	Trichloroethene	6.4U
75-00-3	Chloroethane	13. U	124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane . . .	6.4U
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	4.6J	79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane . .	6.4U
67-64-1	Acetone	7.9B <u>J</u> 71-43-2	Benzene	6.4U
15-0	Carbon Disulfide	6.4U	10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .	6.4U
35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	6.4U	110-75-8	2-Chloroethylvinylether .	13. U
75-35-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	6.4U	75-25-2	Bromoform	6.4U
156-60-5	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene .	6.4U	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone . . .	13. U
67-66-3	Chloroform	6.4U	591-78-6	2-Hexanone	13. U
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	6.4U	127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	6.4U
78-93-3	2-Butanone	7.9B <u>J</u> 79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6.4U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane . .	6.4U	108-88-3	Toluene	6.4U
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride . . .	6.4U	108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	6.4U
108-05-4	Vinyl Acetate	13. U	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	6.4U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane . . .	6.4U	100-42-5	Styrene	6.4U
				Total Xylenes	6.4U

B - Compound was detected in the QC blank.

J - Reported value is less than the detection limit.

U - Compound analyzed for but not detected. The reported (U) value is the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

See page 1A for complete definitions of the data reporting qualifiers.

Form I

000014

SPECTRIX D.C. #7226-5-8

Laboratory Name: SPECTRIX CORP.
 Case No: 7226

Sample Number
ELG09

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
 (Page 2)

SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: LOW
 Date Extracted/Prepared: 05/06/87
 Date Analyzed: 05/29/87
 Conc/Dil Factor: 1.
 Percent Moisture: (Decanted) 22

GPC Cleanup Yes No
 Separatory Funnel Extraction Yes
 Continuous Liquid-Liquid Extraction Yes

CAS Number		uq/kg	CAS Number		uq/kg
108-95-2	Phenol	420. U	83-32-9	Acenaphthene	420. U
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether . .	420. U	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	2100. UJ
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	420. U	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	2100. U
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	420. U	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	420. U
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	420. U	121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	420. U
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	420. U	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	420. U
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	420. U	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	420. U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	420. U	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	420. UJ
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether	420. U	86-73-7	Fluorene	420. U
-44-5	4-Methylphenol	420. U	100-10-6	4-Nitroaniline	2100. U
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	420. U	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	2100. UJ
57-72-1	Hexachloroethane	420. U	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	420. U
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	420. U	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	420. U
78-59-1	Isophorone	420. U	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	420. U
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	420. U	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	2100. U
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	420. U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	110. J
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	2100. U	120-12-7	Anthracene	420. U
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	420. U	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate . .	420. U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	420. U	206-44-0	Fluoranthene	200. J
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene . .	420. U	129-00-0	Pyrene	150. J
91-20-3	Naphthalene	420. U	85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate . .	420. U
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	420. UJ	91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine .	850. U
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene . . .	420. U	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene . . .	420. U
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol .	420. U	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	130. J
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene . . .	420. U	218-01-9	Chrysene	420. U
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	420. U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate . .	420. U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol . .	420. U	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene . .	420. U
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol . .	2100. U	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene . .	420. UJ
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene . . .	420. U	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	420. U
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	2100. U	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene .	420. U
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	420. U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene .	420. U
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	420. U	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene .	420. U
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	2100. U			

.1) - Cannot be separated from diphenylamine

(UJ) ddf 6-22-87

Form I

000015

Lab Name: Spectrix
Case No: 7226
Lab No.: 87-05-013-06A

DC No: 722625-8
SMO No: E1309

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(page 3)

PC
RECEIVED JUN 24 1987

Pesticide/PCBs

Conc: Low GPC Cleanup Yes No
Date Extracted: 05/08/87 Sep. Funnel Ext. Yes
Date Analyzed: 06/12/87 Cont. Liquid Ext. Yes

Dilution Factor: 1

Percent Moisture(Decanted): 22

CAS #	Compound	ug/Kg
319-84-6	ALPHA-BHC	10 U
319-85-7	BETA-BHC	10 U
319-86-8	DELTA-BHC	10 U
58-89-9	GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	10 U
76-44-8	HEPTACHLOR	10 U
309-00-2	ALDRIN	10 U
1024-57-3	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	10 U
959-98-8	ENDOSULFAN I	10 U
60-57-1	DIELDRIN	20 U
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	20 U
72-20-8	ENDRIN	20 U
33213-65-9	ENDOSULFAN II	20 U
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	20 U
7421-93-4	ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	20 U
1031-07-8	ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	20 U
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	20 U
72-43-5	METHOXYSCHLOR	100 U
53494-70-5	ENDRIN KETONE	20 U
57-74-9	CHLORDANE	100 U
8001-35-2	TOXAPHENE	200 U
12674-11-2	AROCLOR-1016	100 U
11104-28-2	AROCLOR-1221	100 U
11141-16-5	AROCLOR-1232	100 U
53469-21-9	AROCLOR-1242	100 U
12672-29-6	AROCLOR-1248	100 U
11097-69-1	AROCLOR-1254	200 U
11096-82-5	AROCLOR-1260	200 U

Ws = 30 = Weight of soil extracted (gr)

Vt = 1000 = Volume of total extract (ul)

Vi = 1 = Volume of extract injected(ul)

1st Column Inst. : 6000 PAZ

2nd Column Inst. : 3400

U=UNDETECTED AT THE LISTED DETECTION LIMIT.

J=COMPOUND IS PRESENT, BUT BELOW THE LISTED DETECTION LIMIT.

B=COMPOUND ALSO FOUND IN BLANK.

SAMPLE NUMBER: EL309

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET - PAGE 4

LABORATORY NAME: SPECTRIX CORPORATION

CASE NO. 7226
1983

QC REPORT NO.: 221

ANALYST: CKT

DATAFILE: EU05013V06

B. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS #	VOLATILE COMPOUND NAMES	SCAN#	PURITY	AMOUNT
				UG/L
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	34		8 J
109-99-9	FURAN, TETRAHYDRO-	158	987	22 J

J = ESTIMATED VALUE - A 1:1 RESPONSE FACTOR IS ASSUMED

B = COMPOUND DETECTED IN QC BLANK

000017

SAMPLE: EU309

RECEIVED JUN 24 1987
CASE NO.: 7226 1987

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET - PAGE 5

LABORATORY NAME: SPECTRIX CORPORATION

GC REPORT NO.: 221

ANALYST: CEB

DATAFILE: EU05013C06

B. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

AS #	SEMOVOLATILE COMPOUND NAMES	SCAN#	PURITY	AMOUNT
				UG/KG
108-21-4	ACETIC ACID, 1-METHYLETHYL ESTER	264	760	3200 J
625-06-9	2-PENTANOL, 2, 4-DIMETHYL-	306	765	190000 JE
926-82-9	HEPTANE, 3, 5-DIMETHYL-	322	903	380 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	386		2200 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	716		400 J
3. -65-9	HEXANEDIOIC ACID, MONO(2-ETHYLHEXYL)ESTER	1626	817	3700 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1682		340 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1786		450 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1854		190 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1888		1100 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1976		990 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2069		860 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2088		540 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2121		450 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2154		260 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2218		210 J

B = COMPOUND DETECTED IN QC BLANK

J = ESTIMATED VALUE - A 1:1 RESPONSE FACTOR IS ASSUMED

000018

SPECTRIX[®] C. #7226-5-8

Sample Number
EL300

JULY 24 1987

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(Page 1)

Laboratory Name: SPECTRIX CORP.
 Lab Sample ID No: 870501307
 Sample Matrix: SOIL
 Data Release Authorized By: JD

Case No: 7226
 QC Report No: 221
 Contract No: 68-01-7149
 Date Sample Received: 05/06/87

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: LOW
 Date Extracted/Prepared: 05/16/87
 Date Analyzed: 05/16/87
 Conc/Dil Factor: 1. pH 8.01
 Percent Moisture: (Not Decanted) 9.0

CAS Number		uq/kg	CAS Number		uq/kg
74-87-3	Chloromethane	11. UJ	78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane . . .	5.5U
74-83-9	Bromomethane	11. U	10061-02-6	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene .	5.5U
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	11. U	79-01-6	Trichloroethene	5.5U
75-00-3	Chloroethane	11. U	124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane . . .	5.5U
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	6.5 J	79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane . . .	5.5U
67-64-1	Acetone	5.5B <u>J</u> 71-43-2		Benzene	5.5U
15-0	Carbon Disulfide	5.5U	10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .	5.5U
35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	5.5U	110-75-8	2-Chloroethylvinylether .	11. U
75-35-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	5.5U	75-25-2	Bromoform	5.5U
156-60-5	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene .	5.5U	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone . . .	11. U
67-66-3	Chloroform	5.5U	591-78-6	2-Hexanone	11. U
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	5.5UJ	127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	5.5U
78-93-3	2-Butanone	7.3B <u>J</u> 79-34-5		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.5U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane . .	5.5U	108-88-3	Toluene	5.5U
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride . . .	5.5U	108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	5.5U
108-05-4	Vinyl Acetate	11. U	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	5.5UJ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane . . .	5.5U	100-42-5	Styrene	5.5U
				Total Xylenes	5.5U

B - Compound was detected in the QC blank.

J - Reported value is less than the detection limit.

U - Compound analyzed for but not detected. The reported value is the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

(UJ) d/f 6-22-87

See page 1A for complete definitions of the data reporting qualifiers.

Form I

000062

SPECTRIX D #7226-5-8

Laboratory Name: SPECTRIX CORP.
Case No: 7226

Sample Number
EL310

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(Page 2)

SEMOVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: LOW
Date Extracted/Prepared: 05/06/87
Date Analyzed: 05/29/87
Conc/Dil Factor: 1.
Percent Moisture: (Decanted) 9

GPC Cleanup Yes No
Separatory Funnel Extraction Yes
Continuous Liquid-Liquid Extraction Yes

CAS Number		ug/kg	CAS Number		ug/kg
108-95-2	Phenol	360. U	83-32-9	Acenaphthene	360. U
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether .	360. U	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	1800. UJ
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	360. U	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	1800. U
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene . . .	360. U	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	360. U
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene . . .	360. U	121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	360. U
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	360. U	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	360. U
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene . . .	360. U	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	360. U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	360. U	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	360. UJ
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether	360. U	86-73-7	Fluorene	360. U
-44-5	4-Methylphenol	360. U	100-10-6	4-Nitroaniline	1800. U
64-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	360. U	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	1800. UJ
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	360. U	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	360. U
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	360. U	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	360. U
78-59-1	Isophorone	360. U	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	360. U
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	360. U	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	1800. U
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	360. U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	87. J
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	1800. U	120-12-7	Anthracene	360. U
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	360. U	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate	360. U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	360. U	206-44-0	Fluoranthene	160. J
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene .	360. U	129-00-0	Pyrene	160. J
91-20-3	Naphthalene	31. J	31-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate . . .	360. U
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	360. UJ	91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine . .	730. U
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene . . .	360. U	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	360. U
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol .	360. U	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	460. J
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene . . .	360. U	218-01-9	Chrysene	120. J
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	360. U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate . . .	360. U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol . .	360. U	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene . . .	220. J
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol . .	1800. U	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene . . .	360. UJ
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene . . .	360. U	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	120. J
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	1800. U	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene .	120. J
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	360. U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene . .	360. U
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	360. U	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene . .	110. J
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	1800. U			

1) - Cannot be separated from diphenylamine

(U) 6-22-87

Form I

000063

Lab Name: Spectrix
Case No: 7226
Lab No.: 87-05-013-07A

DC No: 72265-8
SMO No: E1310

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(page 3)

RECEIVED JUN 24 1987

Pesticide/PCBs

Conc: Low GPC Cleanup Yes No
Date Extracted: 05/08/87 Sep. Funnel Ext. Yes
Date Analyzed: 06/12/87 Cont. Liquid Ext. Yes
Dilution Factor: 1

Percent Moisture(Decanted): _

CAS #	Compound	ug/Kg
319-84-6	ALPHA-BHC	9 U
319-85-7	BETA-BHC	9 U
319-86-8	DELTA-BHC	9 U
58-89-9	GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	9 U
76-44-8	HEPTACHLOR	9 U
309-00-2	ALDRIN	9 U
1024-57-3	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	9 U
959-98-8	ENDOSULFAN I	9 U
60-57-1	DIELDRIN	18 U
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	18 U
72-20-8	ENDRIN	18 U
33213-65-9	ENDOSULFAN II	18 U
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	18 U
7421-93-4	ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	18 U
1031-07-8	ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	18 U
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	18 U
72-43-5	METHOXYSCHLOR	88 U
53494-70-5	ENDRIN KETONE	18 U
57-74-9	CHLORDANE	88 U
8001-35-2	TOXAPHENE	180 U
12674-11-2	AROCLOR-1016	88 U
11104-28-2	AROCLOR-1221	88 U
11141-16-5	AROCLOR-1232	88 U
53469-21-9	AROCLOR-1242	88 U
12672-29-6	AROCLOR-1248	88 U
11097-69-1	AROCLOR-1254	180 U
11096-82-5	AROCLOR-1260	180 U

Ws = 30 = Weight of soil extracted (gr)

Vt = 1000 = Volume of total extract (ul)

Vi = 1 = Volume of extract injected (ul)

1st Column Inst. : 6000 *PAR*

2nd Column Inst. : 3400

U=UNDETECTED AT THE LISTED DETECTION LIMIT.

J=COMPOUND IS PRESENT, BUT BELOW THE LISTED DETECTION LIMIT.

B=COMPOUND ALSO FOUND IN BLANK.

SAMPLE NUMBER: EL310

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET - PAGE 4

LABORATORY NAME: SPECTRIX CORPORATION

CASE NO.: 7226

QC REPORT NO.: 221

ANALYST: CKT

DATAFILE: EU05013V07

B. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS #	VOLATILE COMPOUND NAMES	SCAN#	PURITY	AMOUNT
109-99-9	FURAN, TETRAHYDRO-	161	987	20 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	582		11 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	589		390 J

J = ESTIMATED VALUE - A 1:1 RESPONSE FACTOR IS ASSUMED

B = COMPOUND DETECTED IN QC BLANK

000065

SPECTRIX D.C. #7226-5-8

SAMPLE: EL310

RECEIVED JUN 4

CASE NO. 7226

1987

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET - PAGE 5

LABORATORY NAME: SPECTRIX CORPORATION

QC REPORT NO.: 221

ANALYST: CEB

DATAFILE: EU05013C07

B. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS #	SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUND NAMES	SCAN#	PURITY	AMOUNT
08-21-4	ACETIC ACID, 1-METHYLETHYL ESTER	251	754	5600 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	295		150000 JE
4132-93-3	HEPTANE, 2, 3, 6-TRIMETHYL-	314	925	330 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	380		2000 JE
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	714		340 J
525-34-2	PHENOL, 3-(1, 1-DIMETHYLETHYL)-	821	888	290 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1835		370 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1934		1600 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1944		1800 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1946		1600 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1968		1400 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	1975		1300 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2012		350 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2127		570 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2160		920 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	2241		480 J

B = COMPOUND DETECTED IN QC BLANK

J = ESTIMATED VALUE - A 1:1 RESPONSE FACTOR IS ASSUMED

000066

SPECTRIX D.C. #7226-5-8

RECEIVED

Sample Number
EL9112

1987

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(Page 1)

Laboratory Name: SPECTRIX CORP.
 Lab Sample ID No: 870501308
 Sample Matrix: SOIL
 Data Release Authorized By: *JDO*

Case No: 7226
 QC Report No: 221
 Contract No: 68-01-7149
 Date Sample Received: 05/06/87

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: LOW
 Date Extracted/Prepared: 05/16/87
 Date Analyzed: 05/16/87
 Conc/Dil Factor: 1. pH 9.51
 Percent Moisture: (Not Decanted) 4.0

CAS Number		uq/kg	CAS Number		uq/kg
74-87-3	Chloromethane	10. U	78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane . . .	5.2U
74-83-9	Bromomethane	10. U	10061-02-6	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene .	5.2U
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	10. U	79-01-6	Trichloroethene	5.2U
75-00-3	Chloroethane	10. U	124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane . . .	5.2U
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	7.1 J	79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane . .	5.2U
67-64-1	Acetone	99. B	71-43-2	Benzene	1.7J
71-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	5.2U	10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene .	5.2U
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	5.2U	110-75-8	2-Chloroethylvinylether .	10. U
75-35-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	5.2U	75-25-2	Bromoform	5.2U
156-60-5	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene .	5.2U	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone . . .	10. U
67-66-3	Chloroform	5.2U	591-78-6	2-Hexanone	10. U
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	5.2UJ	127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	5.2U
78-93-3	2-Butanone	6.78U	79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.2U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane . .	5.2U	108-88-3	Toluene	5.2U
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride . . .	5.2U	108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	5.2U
108-05-4	Vinyl Acetate	10. U	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	5.2UJ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane . . .	5.2U	100-42-5	Styrene	5.2U
				Total Xylenes	5.2U

B - Compound was detected in the QC blank.

J - Reported value is less than the detection limit.

U - Compound analyzed for but not detected. The reported value is the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

(W) Jdf 6-22-87

See page 1A for complete definitions of the data reporting qualifiers.

Form I

000123

Laboratory Name: SPECTRIX CORP.
Case No: 7226

RECEIVED
Sample Number
EL3112
4 1987

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(Page 2)

SEMICVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: LOW
Date Extracted/Prepared: 05/06/87
Date Analyzed: 05/29/87
Conc/Dil Factor: 1.
Percent Moisture: (Decanted) 4.6

GPC Cleanup Yes No
Separatory Funnel Extraction Yes
Continuous Liquid-Liquid Extraction Yes

CAS Number		uq/kg	CAS Number		uq/kg
108-95-2	Phenol	340. U	83-32-9	Acenaphthene	340. U
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether .	340. U	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	1700. UJ
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	340. U	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	1700. U
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene . . .	340. U	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	340. U
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene . . .	340. U	121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	340. U
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	340. U	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	340. U
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene . . .	340. U	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	340. U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	340. U	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	340. UJ
39-38-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether	340. U	86-73-7	Fluorene	340. U
1C 44-5	4-Methylphenol	340. U	100-10-6	4-Nitroaniline	1700. U
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	340. U	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	1700. UJ
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	340. U	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	340. U
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	340. U	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	340. U
78-59-1	Isophorone	340. U	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	340. U
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	340. U	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	1700. U
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	340. U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	66. J
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	1700. U	120-12-7	Anthracene	340. U
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	340. U	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate . . .	340. U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	340. U	206-44-0	Fluoranthene	120. J
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene .	340. U	129-00-0	Pyrene	120. J
91-20-3	Naphthalene	340. U	85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate . . .	340. U
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	340. UJ	91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine . .	690. U
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene . . .	340. U	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	340. U
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol .	340. U	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	1000.
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene . . .	340. U	218-01-9	Chrysene	57. J
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	340. U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate . . .	340. U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol .	340. U	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene . . .	52. J
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol .	1700. U	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene . . .	340. UJ
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene . . .	340. U	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	340. U
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	1700. U	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene .	340. U
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate	340. U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene . .	340. U
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	340. U	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene . .	340. U
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	1700. U			

(1) - Cannot be separated from diphenylamine

(U) daf 6-22-87

Lab Name: Spectrix
Case No: 7226
Lab No.: 87-05-013-08A

DC No: E286-5-B
SMO No: E1342

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(page 3)

RECEIVED JUN 24 1987

Pesticide/PCBs

Conc: Low
Date Extracted: 05/08/87
Date Analyzed: 06/12/87
Dilution Factor: 1
Percent Moisture(Decanted): -

GPC Cleanup Yes ✓
Sep. Funnel Ext. Yes
Cont. Liquid Ext. Yes

CAS #	Compound	ug/Kg
319-84-6	ALPHA-BHC	8 U
319-85-7	BETA-BHC	8 U
319-86-8	DELTA-BHC	8 U
58-89-9	GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	8 U
76-44-8	HEPTACHLOR	8 U
309-00-2	ALDRIN	8 U
1024-57-3	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	8 U
959-98-8	ENDOSULFAN I	8 U
60-57-1	DIELDRIN	17 U
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	17 U
72-20-8	ENDRIN	17 U
33213-65-9	ENDOSULFAN II	17 U
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	17 U
7421-93-4	ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	17 U
1031-07-8	ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	17 U
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	17 U
72-43-5	METHOXYSYCHLOR	83 U
53494-70-5	ENDRIN KETONE	17 U
57-74-9	CHLORDANE	83 U
8001-35-2	TOXAPHENE	170 U
12674-11-2	AROCLOLOR-1016	83 U
11104-28-2	AROCLOLOR-1221	83 U
11141-16-5	AROCLOLOR-1232	83 U
53469-21-9	AROCLOLOR-1242	83 U
12672-29-6	AROCLOLOR-1248	83 U
11097-69-1	AROCLOLOR-1254	170 U
11096-82-5	AROCLOLOR-1260	170 U

Ws = 30 = Weight of soil extracted (gr)

Vt = 1000 = Volume of total extract (ul)

Vi = 1 = Volume of extract injected (ul)

1st Column Inst. : 6000 PAP

2nd Column Inst. : 3400

U=UNDETECTED AT THE LISTED DETECTION LIMIT.

J=COMPOUND IS PRESENT, BUT BELOW THE LISTED DETECTION LIMIT.

B=COMPOUND ALSO FOUND IN BLANK.

SAMPLE NUMBER: EL311

RECEIVED

JULY 24 1987

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET - PAGE 4

LABORATORY NAME: SPECTRIX CORPORATION

CASE NO.: 7226

QC REPORT NO.: 221

ANALYST: CKT

DATAFILE: EU05013V08

B. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS #	VOLATILE COMPOUND NAMES	SCAN#	PURITY	AMOUNT
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	33	J	5
75-69-4	METHANE, TRICHLOROFLUORO-	123	946	5
109-99-9	FURAN, TETRAHYDRO-	158	989	22

J = ESTIMATED VALUE - A 1:1 RESPONSE FACTOR IS ASSUMED

B = COMPOUND DETECTED IN QC BLANK

000126

SAMPLE: EL3140

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET - PAGE 5

LABORATORY NAME: SPECTRIX CORPORATION

CASE NO.: 7226

QC REPORT NO.: 221

ANALYST: CEB

DATAFILE: EU05013C08

B. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS #	SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUND NAMES	SCAN#	PURITY	AMOUNT
				UG/KG
4032-93-3	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	267		180000 J
	HEPTANE, 2,3,6-TRIMETHYL-	274	915	910 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	355		2900 J
	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	712		360 J

J = ESTIMATED VALUE - A 1:1 RESPONSE FACTOR IS ASSUMED

B = COMPOUND DETECTED IN QC BLANK

SPECTRIX D.C. #7226-5-8

Sample Number
EL312

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(Page 1)

Laboratory Name: SPECTRIX CORP.

Lab Sample ID No: 870501309

Sample Matrix: SOIL

Data Release Authorized By: TJ

Case No: 7226

QC Report No: 221

Contract No: 68-01-7149

Date Sample Received: 05/06/87

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: LOW

Date Extracted/Prepared: 05/16/87

Date Analyzed: 05/16/87

Conc/Dil Factor: 1. pH 8.32

Percent Moisture: (Not Decanted) 15.0

CAS Number	ug/kg	CAS Number	ug/kg
74-87-3	Chloromethane	12. U	78-87-5 1,2-Dichloropropane
74-83-9	Bromomethane	12. U	10061-02-6 Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	12. U	79-01-6 Trichloroethene
75-00-3	Chloroethane	12. U	124-48-1 Dibromochloromethane
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	10. J	79-00-5 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
67-64-1	Acetone	4.1B	71-43-2 Benzene
71-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	5.9U	10061-01-5 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	5.9U	110-75-8 2-Chloroethylvinylether
75-35-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	5.9U	75-25-2 Bromoform
156-60-5	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	5.9U	108-10-1 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone
67-66-3	Chloroform	5.9U	591-78-6 2-Hexanone
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	5.9UJ	127-18-4 Tetrachloroethene
78-93-3	2-Butanone	12. B	79-34-5 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5.9U	108-88-3 Toluene
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	5.9U	108-90-7 Chlorobenzene
108-05-4	Vinyl Acetate	12. U	100-41-4 Ethylbenzene
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	5.9U	100-42-5 Styrene
			Total Xylenes
			5.9U

B - Compound was detected in the QC blank.

J - Reported value is less than the detection limit.

U - Compound analyzed for but not detected. The reported value is the minimum attainable detection limit for the sample.

See page 1A for complete definitions of the data reporting qualifiers.

(U) aff 6-22-87

Form I

000166

Laboratory Name: SPECTRIX CORP.
Case No: 7226

RECEIVED Sample Number
JUL 24 1987
EL312

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(Page 2)

SEMIVOLATILE COMPOUNDS

Concentration: LOW
Date Extracted/Prepared: 05/06/87
Date Analyzed: 05/29/87
Conc/Dil Factor: 1.
Percent Moisture: (Decanted) 15

GPC Cleanup Yes No
Separatory Funnel Extraction Yes
Continuous Liquid-Liquid Extraction Yes

CAS Number	uq/kg	CAS Number	uq/kg		
108-95-2	Phenol	390. U	83-32-9	Acenaphthene	390. U
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether .	390. U	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	1900. U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	390. U	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	1900. U
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene . . .	390. U	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	390. U
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene . . .	390. U	121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	390. U
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	390. U	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	390. U
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene . . .	390. U	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	390. U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	390. U	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	390. U
3938-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether	390. U	86-73-7	Fluorene	390. U
111-44-5	4-Methylphenol	390. U	100-10-6	4-Nitroaniline	1900. U
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	390. U	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol	1900. U
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	390. U	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	390. U
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	390. U	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	390. U
78-59-1	Isophorone	390. U	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	390. U
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	390. U	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	1900. U
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol . . .	390. U	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	390. U
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid	1900. U	120-12-7	Anthracene	390. U
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	390. U	84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthalate	390. U
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol . . .	390. U	206-44-0	Fluoranthene	390. U
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene .	390. U	129-00-0	Pyrene	49. J
91-20-3	Naphthalene	390. U	148-85-6	Butylbenzylphthalate . . .	390. U
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	390. U	191-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine . .	780. U
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene . . .	390. U	56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracene	390. U
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	390. U	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	330. J
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene . .	390. U	218-01-9	Chrysene	390. U
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	390. U	117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthalate . . .	390. U
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol .	390. U	205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranthene . . .	390. U
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol .	1900. U	207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranthene . . .	390. U
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene . .	390. U	50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	390. U
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	1900. U	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene .	390. U
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phthalate . . .	390. U	53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene . .	390. U
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	390. U	191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene . .	390. U
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	1900. U			

(1) - Cannot be separated from diphenylamine

(u) 6-22-87

Form I

000167

Lab Name: Spectrix
Case No: 7226
Lab No.: 87-05-013-09A

RECEIVED
DC No: 7226-5-8
SMO No: E1312

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(page 3)

Pesticide/PCBs

Conc:	Low	GPC Cleanup	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Date Extracted:	05/08/87	Sep. Funnel Ext.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Date Analyzed:	06/12/87	Cont. Liquid Ext.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Dilution Factor:	1	JUN 24 1987	
Percent Moisture(Decanted):	15		

CAS #	Compound	ug/Kg
319-84-6	ALPHA-BHC	9 U
319-85-7	BETA-BHC	9 U
319-86-8	DELTA-BHC	9 U
58-89-9	GAMMA-BHC (LINDANE)	9 U
76-44-8	HEPTACHLOR	9 U
309-00-2	ALDRIN	9 U
1024-57-3	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	9 U
959-98-8	ENDOSULFAN I	9 U
60-57-1	DIELDRIN	19 U
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	19 U
72-20-8	ENDRIN	19 U
33213-65-9	ENDOSULFAN II	19 U
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	19 U
7421-93-4	ENDRIN ALDEHYDE	19 U
1031-07-8	ENDOSULFAN SULFATE	19 U
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	19 U
72-43-5	METHOXYCHLOR	94 U
53494-70-5	ENDRIN KETONE	19 U
57-74-9	CHLORDANE	94 U
8001-35-2	TOXAPHENE	190 U
12674-11-2	AROCLOR-1016	94 U
11104-28-2	AROCLOR-1221	94 U
11141-16-5	AROCLOR-1232	94 U
53469-21-9	AROCLOR-1242	94 U
12672-29-6	AROCLOR-1248	94 U
11097-69-1	AROCLOR-1254	190 U
11096-82-5	AROCLOR-1260	190 U

Ws = 30 = Weight of soil extracted (gr)

Vt = 1000 = Volume of total extract (ul)

Vi = 1 = Volume of extract injected(ul)

1st Column Inst. : 6000 PAA
2nd Column Inst. : 3400

U=UNDETECTED AT THE LISTED DETECTION LIMIT.

J=COMPOUND IS PRESENT, BUT BELOW THE LISTED DETECTION LIMIT.

B=COMPOUND ALSO FOUND IN BLANK.

SAMPLE NUMBER: EL31

RECEIVED JUN 2
CASE NO.: 47226
387

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET - PAGE 4

LABORATORY NAME: SPECTRIX CORPORATION

QC REPORT NO.: 221

ANALYST: CKT

DATAFILE: EU05013V09

B. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS #	VOLATILE COMPOUND NAMES	SCAN#	PURITY	AMOUNT
109-99-9	FURAN, TETRAHYDRO-	161	977	UG. 7

J = ESTIMATED VALUE - A 1:1 RESPONSE FACTOR IS ASSUMED

B = COMPOUND DETECTED IN QC BLANK

000169

SAMPLE: EL312

RECEIVED JUN 2 4 1987

ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET - PAGE 5

LABORATORY NAME: SPECTRIX CORPORATION

CASE NO.: 7226-5-8

QC REPORT NO.: 221

ANALYST: CEB

DATAFILE: EU05013C09

B. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

CAS #	SEMICVOLATILE COMPOUND NAMES	SCAN#	PURITY	AMOUNT
				UG/KG
4732-93-3	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	261		190000 J
	HEPTANE, 2, 3, 6-TRIMETHYL-	272	937	750 J
625-06-9	UNKNOWN-DOESN'T MATCH ANY LIBRARY SPECTRA	352		2300 J
	2-PENTANOL, 2, 4-DIMETHYL-	715	765	170 J

J = ESTIMATED VALUE - A 1:1 RESPONSE FACTOR IS ASSUMED

B = COMPOUND DETECTED IN QC BLANK

000170



ecology and environment, inc.

111 WEST JACKSON BLVD., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604, TEL. 312-663-9415

International Specialists in the Environment

Date Received for Review

21 July 87

Date Review Completed

July 21 1987

To: Tom Kouris

From: Brenda R. Jones

Subject: LURIA BROS.

PAN: IN0571

Case # 7226

Sample Description

Organics (VOA, ABN, Pest/PCB)

_____ Low Soil

_____ Low Water

_____ Drinking Water

_____ Other

Inorganics (Metals, Cyanide)

4 Low Soil

_____ Low Water

_____ Drinking Water

_____ Other

Project Data Status

✓

Completed!!

Incomplete, awaiting:

FIT Data Review Findings:

Note: the data reviewer indicates that several elements may be biased low based on their spike recoveries. Please see attached memo.

Compounds were detected in sample(s); see enclosed Chemical Evaluation Form.

Book No. 6 Page No. 91



ecology and environment, inc.

111 WEST JACKSON BLVD., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604, TEL. 312-663-9415

International Specialists in the Environment

MEMORANDUM

DATE: 21 July 87

TO: File

FROM: Brenda Robbins Jones *BRS*

SUBJECT: LURIA BROS. & COMPANY

PAN #: IN6571 CASE #: 7226

The reviewer of this inorganic/organic data package correctly notes that spike recoveries for the compounds/elements listed below are all biased low and should be considered estimated (i.e. qualified with a J). However, the data, at worst, underestimates the actual concentrations found in the sample.

It is my opinion that this data is usable for HRS purposes.

99N:5X

<u>Element</u>	<u>Spike Recovery</u>
Antimony	32%
Lead	70%
Mercury	33%



ecology and environment, inc.

111 WEST JACKSON BLVD., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604, TEL. 312-663-9415

International Specialists in the Environment

Date Received for Review

21 July 87

Date Review Completed

July 27 1987

To: Terri Kouris

From: Brenda R. Jones

Subject: LURIA BROS.

PAN: INDS71

Case # 7226

Sample Description

Organics (VOA, ABN, Pest/PCB)

Low Soil
Low Water
Drinking Water
Other

Inorganics (Metals, Cyanide)

4 _____
Low Soil
Low Water
Drinking Water
Other

Project Data Status

✓

Completed!!

Incomplete, awaiting:

FIT Data Review Findings:

Note: the data reviewer indicates that several elements may be biased low based on their spike recoveries. Please see attached memo.

✓ Compounds were detected in sample(s); see enclosed Chemical Evaluation Form.

Book No. 6 Page No. 91



ecology and environment, inc.
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CHEMICAL EVALUATION FORM

LURIA Bros.

SITE NAME: E Company

PAN# IN/0571

DATE: 21 July 87

CASE # 7326

UNITS mg/kg

REVIEWER: (SRT)

TOX/PERS	COMPOUND	CRDL	3-5xCRDL	mem	037	038	039	040		
	Arsenic	2	6-10	10				56		
	Lead	1	3-5	130	147	170	438			
	Mercury	.008	.024-.04	1.8	0.28	0.18	99			
	Nickel	8	24-40	27	76	122	167			
	Selenium	1	3-5	8						
	Tin	8	24-40	36						
	Cadmium	1	3-5		25	32	36			
	Copper	5	15-25	28	280	225	351			
	Cyanide	2	6-10	2.9						
				Background	53	52	51			
					Raw	Processed				

Entered ✓

CENTRAL REGIONAL LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA REPORT
ORGANICS/INORGANICS

LOG-IN DATE: 5/18/87
DUE DATE: 6/4/87

SUPERFUND 3968

THIS FORM IS TO BE USED FOR SAMPLES SENT TO CONTRACT ONLY

55

CASE NUMBER/SAS No. 7220

SUPERFUND DU NUMBER 8905 EPA RPM or OSC (S.M.S./CES)

WATER OR LIQUIDS

SEDIMENTS or SOILS

PAGE 1 OF 1

LABORATORY Specrix / Mack

55

DATE SHIPPED 5/18/87

ACTIVITY NUMBER	CRL LOG NUMBER	ORGANIC TRAFFIC REPORT NUMBER or SAS Packing List No.	INORGANIC TRAFFIC REPORT NUMBER	WATER OR LIQUIDS	SEDIMENTS or SOILS
				ACID-BASE NEUTRAL CPDS ORGANIC SCAN UG/L TOX17574	
				VOLATILE ORGANIC ANALYSIS ORGANIC SCAN UG/L TOX17564	
				WATER POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS UG/L PES 17144	
				WATER CHLORINATED PESTICIDES UG/L PES17134	
				TOTAL METALS IN WATER UG/L MET111	
				WATER CYANIDE UG/L MIN74919	
				NITRATE/NITRITE MG/L MIN7284	
				AMMONIA MG/L MIN7294	
				RESIDUE, FILTERABLE TDS MG/L MIN7362	
				RESIDUE, NON-FILT TSS MG/L MIN7372	
				ACID-BASE NEUTRAL CPDS ORGANIC SCAN MG/KG TOX215722	
				VOLATILE ORGANIC ANALYSIS ORGANIC SCAN MG/KG TOX215622	
				SEDIMENTS POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS MG/KG PES211422	
				SEDIMENT CHLORINATED PESTICIDES MG/KG 211322	
				TOTAL METALS MG/KG MET413	
				CYANIDE MG/KG MIN44930	
				EP TOXICITY METALS MG/KG	
				AMMONIA MG/KG MIN42925	

RECEIVED - 5/24/87

U. S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program
Sample Management Office
P.O. Box 818 - Alexandria, VA 22313
703/557-2490 FTS: 8-557-2490

Date July 9, 1987

COVER PAGE
INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA PACKAGE

Lab Name: Mack Laboratories
SOW No.: 784

Case No.: 7226
Q.C. Report No.: 3000/41

Sample Number

EPA No.	Lab ID No.	EPA No.	Lab ID No.
MEM 037	3000/536		
MEM 038	3000/537		
MEM 039	3000/538		
MEM 040	3000/539		

Comments: _____

ICP Interelemental and Background correction applied? Yes X No

If yes, correction applied before X or after N/A generation of raw data.

Footnotes:

NR - not required by contract at this time

Form I:

Value - If the result is a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit but less than the contract required detection limit, report the value in brackets (i.e., [16]). Indicate the analytical method used with P (for ICP/Flame AA) or F (for Furnace).

U - Indicates element was analyzed for but not detected. Report with the detection limit value (e.g., 10U).

E - Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference.
Explanatory note included on cover page.

s - Indicates value determined by Method of Standard Addition.

R - Indicates spike sample recovery is not within control limits.

* - Indicates duplicate analysis is not within control limits.

+ - Indicates the correlation coefficient for method of Standard Addition is less than 0.995.

NE - No flag required for spike recovery outside of control limits (75 - 125); sample concentration greater than 4 times the spike concentration.

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Form I

U.S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program
 Sample Management Office
 P.O. Box 616 - Alexandria, VA 22313
 703/557-2490 FTS: 6-557-2490

EPA Sample No.
 MEM 037

Date: July 9, 1987

INORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO. 7226

SOW NO. 784

LAB SAMPLE ID. NO. 3000/536

-- QC REPORT NO.: 3000/41

Elements Identified and Measured

Concentration: Low Medium

Matrix: Water Soil Sludge Other

ug/L or mg/kg dry weight (Circle One)

1. Aluminum	12,800 E	P	13. Magnesium	4,920	P
2. Antimony	24 UP	US P	14. Manganese	410 *	P
3. Arsenic	(10 *)	X F	15. Mercury	(13 R) ✓ C.Vapor	
4. Barium	135	P	16. Nickel	(27)	P
5. Beryllium	(10.5)	P	17. Potassium	[2,440]	P
6. Cadmium	3 U	P	18. Selenium	(8) X	F
7. Calcium	11,600	P	19. Silver	5 U	P
8. Chromium	(26 *)	X P	20. Sodium	712 U	P
9. Cobalt	12 U	P	21. Thallium	5 U	F
10. Copper	(26 FR)	P	22. Tin	(36)	P
11. Iron	15,400	P	23. Vanadium	(24)	P
12. Lead	(130 R)	X P	24. Zinc	260 R	P
Cyanide	(0.47)	Color	Percent Solids (%)	84	

Footnotes: For reporting results to EPA, Standard result qualifiers are used as defined on Cover Page. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. Definition of such flags must be explicit and contained on Cover Page, however.

Comments: _____

Lab Manager

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Form I

U.S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program
Sample Management Office
P.O. Box 818 - Alexandria, VA 22313
703/557-2490 FTS: 8-557-2490

EPA Sample No.
MEM 038

Date: July 9, 1987

INORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO. 7226

SOW NO. 784

LAB SAMPLE ID. NO. 3000/537

QC REPORT NO.: 3000/41

Elements Identified and Measured

Concentration: Low Medium

Matrix: Water Soil Sludge Other

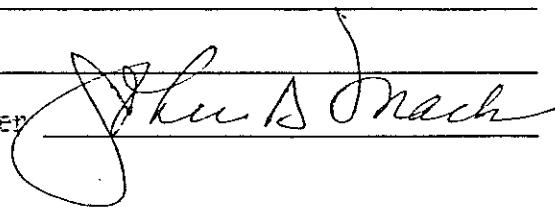
ug/L or ng/kg dry weight (Circle One)

1. Aluminum	2.720 E	P	13. Magnesium	[1.100]	P
2. Antimony	22 UR	OS P	14. Manganese	2.400 *	P
3. Arsenic	(26 *3+)	J F	15. Mercury	(0.28 R) J C.Vapor	
4. Barium	[82]	P	16. Nickel	(76)	P
5. Beryllium	0.5 U	P	17. Potassium	1.640 U	P
6. Cadmium	(25)	P	18. Selenium	(2 II _s +)	F
7. Calcium	14.600	P	19. Silver	5 U	P
8. Chromium	(63 =)	J P	20. Sodium	655 U	P
9. Cobalt	11 U	P	21. Thallium	5 U	F
10. Copper	(280 ER)	P	22. Tin	11 U	P
11. Iron	342.000	P	23. Vanadium	22 U	P
12. Lead	(147 R)	J P	24. Zinc	455 R	P
Cyanide	(2.9)	Color	Percent Solids (%)	92	

Footnotes: For reporting results to EPA, Standard result qualifiers are used as defined on Cover Page. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. Definition of such flags must be explicit and contained on Cover Page, however.

Comments: _____

Lab Manager


John D. Mack

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Form 1

U.S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program
Sample Management Office
P.O. Box 818 - Alexandria, VA 22313
703/557-2490 FTS: 8-557-2490

EPA Sample No.
MEM 039

Date: July 9, 1987

INORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO. 7226

SOW NO. 734

LAB SAMPLE ID. NO. 3000/536

QC REPORT NO.: 3000/41

Elements Identified and Measured

Concentration: Low Medium

Matrix: Water Soil Sludge Other

ug/L or mg/kg dry weight (Circle One)

1. Aluminum	1,330 E	P	13. Magnesium	266 U	P
2. Antimony	21 UR	US P	14. Manganese	3,600 *	P
3. Arsenic	(47 *)	J F	15. Mercury	<0.18 R	TC.Vapor
4. Barium	[58]	P	16. Nickel	(122)	P
5. Beryllium	0.5 U	P	17. Potassium	1,600 U	P
6. Cadmium	(32)	P	18. Selenium	(3) J	F
7. Calcium	4,300	P	19. Silver	5 U	P
8. Chromium	(130 E)	J P	20. Sodium	639 U	P
9. Cobalt	(111)	P	21. Thallium	5 U	F
10. Copper	(225 ER)	P	22. Tin	11 U	P
11. Iron	527,000	P	23. Vanadium	21 U	P
12. Lead	(170 R) J	P	24. Zinc	93 R	P
Cyanide	0.11 U	Color	Percent Solids (%)	94	

Footnotes: For reporting results to EPA, Standard result qualifiers are used as defined on Cover Page. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. Definition of such flags must be explicit and contained on Cover Page, however.

Comments: _____

Lab Manager

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Form I

U.S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program
Sample Management Office
P.O. Box 818 - Alexandria, VA 22313
703/557-2490 FTS: 8-557-2490

EPA Sample No.
MEM 040

Date: July 9, 1987

INORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO. 7226

SOW NO. 784

LAB SAMPLE ID. NO. 3000/539

QC REPORT NO.: 3000/41

Elements Identified and Measured

Concentration: Low Medium

Matrix: Water Soil Sludge Other

ug/L or (mg/kg dry weight) (Circle One)

1. Aluminum	2,200 E	P	13. Magnesium	[2,260]	P
2. Antimony	23 U/R	S P	14. Manganese	4,230 *	P
3. Arsenic	(56 *)	X F	15. Mercury	919 R	C.Vapor
4. Barium	(86)	P	16. Nickel	167	P
5. Beryllium	0.6 U	P	17. Potassium	1,730 U	P
6. Cadmium	36	P	18. Selenium	2 Us	X F
7. Calcium	5,990	P	19. Silver	5 U	P
8. Chromium	(77 ±)	J P	20. Sodium	691 U	P
9. Cobalt	(112)	P	21. Thallium	5 U	F
10. Copper	(351 ER)	P	22. Tin	12 U	P
11. Iron	635,000	P	23. Vanadium	23 U	P
12. Lead	(436 R)	T P	24. Zinc	265 R	P
Cyanide	0.12 U	C.Vapor	Percent Solids (%)	86	

Footnotes: For reporting results to EPA, Standard result qualifiers are used as defined on Cover Page. Additional flags or footnotes explaining results are encouraged. Definition of such flags must be explicit and contained on Cover Page, however.

Comments: _____

Lab Manager

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Form III - A

Q. C. Report No.: 3000/41

BLANKS

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO.: 7226

DATE: July 9, 1987

UNITS: ug/L

Matrix: Soil

Preparation Compound	Initial	Continuing Calibration				Preparation Blank 1 2	
	Calibration	Blank Value					
	Blank Value	1	2	3	4		
Metals:							
1. Aluminum	110 U	110 U	110 U	110 U	110 U	55 U	
2. Antimony	[40]	[50]	40 U			20 U	
3. Arsenic	4 U	4 U	4 U			[2]	
4. Barium	[20]	[20]	[20]			[40]	
5. Beryllium	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	
6. Cadmium	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	2 U	
7. Calcium	800 U	800 U	800 U	800 U	800 U	400 U	
8. Chromium	7 U	7 U	7 U			5	
9. Cobalt	20 U	20 U	20 U	20 U	20 U	10 U	
10. Copper	10 U	[14]	10 U	10 U	10 U	5 U	
11. Iron	40 U	40 U	40 U	40 U	40 U	20 U	
12. Lead	40 U	40	40 U	40	40 U	20 U	
13. Magnesium	500 U	500 U	500 U	500 U		250 U	
14. Manganese	6 U	6 U	6 U	6 U	6 U	3 U	
15. Mercury	0.2 U	0.2 U				0.1 U	
16. Nickel	30 U	30 U	30 U	30 U	30 U	15 U	
17. Potassium	3,000 U	3,000 U				1,500 U	
18. Selenium	4 U	4 U	4 U			[2]	
19. Silver	9 U	9 U	9 U	9 U	9 U	4 U	
20. Sodium	1,200 U	1,200 U	1,200 U			600 U	
21. Thallium	9 U	9 U	9 U			4 U	
22. Tin	20 U	20 U	20 U			[10]	
23. Vanadium	40 U	40 U	40 U	40 U	40 U	20 U	
24. Zinc	20 U	20 U	20 U			10 U	
Other							
Cyanide	2 U	2 U				0.1 U	

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Form III - B

Q. C. Report No.: 3000/et

BLANKS

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO.: 7226

DATE: July 9, 1987

UNITS: ug/L

Matrix: Soil

Preparation	Initial Calibration	Continuing Calibration				Preparation Blank	
		Blank Value	5	6	7	8	
Compound	Blank Value						
Metals:							
1. Aluminum		110 U	110 U	-			
2. Antimony							
3. Arsenic							
4. Barium							
5. Beryllium		1 U	1 U				
6. Cadmium							
7. Calcium		800 U	800 U				
8. Chromium							
9. Cobalt		20 U					
10. Copper		10 U	10 U				
11. Iron		40 U					
12. Lead							
13. Magnesium							
14. Manganese		6 U	6 U				
15. Mercury							
16. Nickel		30 U					
17. Potassium							
18. Selenium							
19. Silver		9 U	9 U				
20. Sodium							
21. Thallium							
22. Tin							
23. Vanadium		40 U	40 U				
24. Zinc							
Other							
Cyanide							

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Form III - C

Q. C. Report No. 3000/41

BLANKS

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO.: 7226

DATE: July 9, 1987

UNITS: ug/L

Matrix: Soil

Preparation	Initial Calibration	Continuing Calibration				Preparation Blank	
		Blank Value				1	2
Compound	Blank Value	1	2	3	4	1	2
Metals:							
1. Aluminum							
2. Antimony							
3. Arsenic	4 U	4 U					
4. Barium	[20]	10 U	[10]				
5. Beryllium							
6. Cadmium	5 U	5 U					
7. Calcium							
8. Chromium	7 U	7 U	7 U				
9. Cobalt							
10. Copper							
11. Iron							
12. Lead							
13. Magnesium							
14. Manganese							
15. Mercury							
16. Nickel							
17. Potassium							
18. Selenium	4 U	4 U	4 U	4 U			
19. Silver							
20. Sodium							
21. Thallium							
22. Tin							
23. Vanadium							
24. Zinc							
Other							
Cyanide							

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Form III-D

Q. C. Report No.: 2000/41

BLANKS

LAB NAME: Meek Laboratories

CASE NO.: 7226

DATE: July 9, 1987

UNITS: ug/L

Matrix: Soil

Preparation	Initial <u>Calibration</u>	Continuing Calibration				Preparation Blank		
		Blank Value						
Compound	Blank Value	1	2	3	4	1	2	
Metals:								
1. Aluminum								
2. Antimony								
3. Arsenic	4 II	4 II	4 II					
4. Barium								
5. Beryllium								
6. Cadmium								
7. Calcium								
8. Chromium								
9. Cobalt								
10. Copper								
11. Iron								
12. Lead								
13. Magnesium								
14. Manganese								
15. Mercury								
16. Nickel								
17. Potassium								
18. Selenium								
19. Silver								
20. Sodium								
21. Thallium								
22. Tin								
23. Vanadium								
24. Zinc								
Other								
Cyanide								

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Form 7

Q. C. Report No.: 3000/41

SPIKE SAMPLE RECOVERY

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO.: 7226

DATE: July 9, 1987

EPA Sample No.: MEM 038

Lab Sample ID No.: 3000/537

Units: mg/kg

Matrix: SOIL

Compound	Control Limit % R	Spiked Sample Result (SSR)	Sample Result (SR)	Spiked Added (SA)	% R ¹
Metals:					
1. Aluminum	75-125	NR			
2. Antimony	"	87	22 U	272	32R
3. Arsenic	"	42	26 ±+	21	76
4. Barium	"	1,240	82	1,090	106
5. Beryllium	"	26	0.5 U	27	104
6. Cadmium	"	48	25	27	85
7. Calcium	"	NR			
8. Chromium	"	182	63	109	109
9. Cobalt	"	300	11 U	272	110
10. Copper	"	282	280	136	1R
11. Iron	"	NR			
12. Lead	"	338	147	272	70R
13. Magnesium	"	NR			
14. Manganese	"	2,520	2,430	272	33NF
15. Mercury	"	0.46	0.28	0.54	33R
16. Nickel	"	359	76	272	104
17. Potassium	"	NR			
18. Selenium	"	6 ±+	2 Us	5.4	112
19. Silver	"	22	5 U	27	81
20. Sodium	"	NR			
21. Thallium	"	32	5 U	27	118
22. Tin	"	257	11 U	272	98
23. Vanadium	"	294	22 U	272	108
24. Zinc	"	812	455	272	131R
Other:					
Cyanide	"	8.1	2.9	5.4	96

$$1 \% R = [(SSR - SR)/SA] \times 100$$

"R" - Out of control

Comments: NF: No flag required - sample concentration greater than 4 times spike concentration.

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Form VI

Q. C. Report No.: 3000/41

DUPLICATES

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO.: 7226

DATE: July 9, 1987

EPA Sample No.: MEM 039

Lab Sample ID No.: 3000/538

Units: mg/kg

Matrix: SOIL

Compound	Control Limit ¹	Sample (S)	Duplicate (D)	RPD ²
Metals:				
1. Aluminum	20	1,320	1,420	7
2. Antimony	NC	21 U	21 U	NC
3. Arsenic	20	47	37 s+	24 *
4. Barium	NC	[56]	[74]	NC
5. Beryllium	NC	0.5 U	0.5 U	NC
6. Cadmium	20	32	30	6
7. Calcium	20	14,800	13,400	10
8. Chromium	20	130	194	40 *
9. Cobalt	NC	[11]	[11]	NC
10. Copper	20	225	219	3
11. Iron	20	527,000	512,000	3
12. Lead	20	170	186	9
13. Magnesium	NC	266 U	[2,090]	NC
14. Manganese	20	3,600	4,770	28 *
15. Mercury	+CRDL	0.16	0.24	28
16. Nickel	20	122	122	0
17. Potassium	NC	1,600 U	1,590 U	NC
18. Selenium	NC	3	[2]	NC
19. Silver	NC	5 U	5 U	NC
20. Sodium	NC	639 U	636 U	NC
21. Thallium	NC	5 U	5 U	NC
22. Tin	NC	11 U	11 U	NC
23. Vanadium	NC	21 U	42	NC
24. Zinc	20	93	93	0
Other:				
Cyanide	NC	0.11 U	0.11 U	NC

* Out of Control

¹ To be added at a later date² RPD = $[(S - D)/((S + D)/2)] \times 100$

NC - Non Calculable RPD due to value(s) less than CRDL

RECEIVED JUL 24 1987

Form VI

Q. C. Report No.: 3000/41

DUPPLICATES

LAB NAME: Mack Laboratories

CASE NO.: 7226

DATE: July 9, 1987

EPA Sample No.: MEM 039

Lab Sample ID No.: 3000/539

Units: mg/kg

Matrix: SOIL

Compound	Control Limit ¹	Sample (S)	Duplicate (D)	RPD ²
Metals:				
1. Aluminum	20	1,320	1,420	7
2. Antimony	NC	21 U	21 U	NC
3. Arsenic	20	47	37 s+	24 *
4. Barium	NC	[56]	[74]	NC
5. Beryllium	NC	0.5 U	0.5 U	NC
6. Cadmium	20	32	30	6
7. Calcium	20	14,800	13,400	10
8. Chromium	20	130	194	40 *
9. Cobalt	NC	[11]	[11]	NC
10. Copper	20	225	219	3
11. Iron	20	527,000	512,000	3
12. Lead	20	170	186	9
13. Magnesium	NC	266 U	[2,090]	NC
14. Manganese	20	3,600	4,770	28 *
15. Mercury	+CRDL	0.16	0.24	28
16. Nickel	20	122	122	0
17. Potassium	NC	1,600 U	1,590 U	NC
18. Selenium	NC	3	[2]	NC
19. Silver	NC	5 U	5 U	NC
20. Sodium	NC	639 U	636 U	NC
21. Thallium	NC	5 U	5 U	NC
22. Tin	NC	11 U	11 U	NC
23. Vanadium	NC	21 U	42	NC
24. Zinc	20	93	93	0
Other:				
Cyanide	NC	0.11 U	0.11 U	NC

* Out of Control

¹ To be added at a later date

² RPD = [(S - D)/((S + D)/2)] x 100

NC - Non Calculable RPD due to value(s) less than CRDL

RECEIVED JUL 21 1987

DEVELOPMENT OF A DEOILING PROCESS
FOR RECYCLING MILLScale

Derek S. Harold

Luria Brothers and Company
Cleveland, Ohio

INTRODUCTION

The annual production of raw steel in the United States and Canada averaged 134 million tons over the last seven years. In that same period, the generation of iron-bearing waste solids reached a level of roughly 13 million tons, (1)* of which approximately 7 million tons were mill scale. This tonnage of mill scale constitutes 3.7 to 4.7 percent (2)* of the annual raw steel output of an integrated steel plant and is governed by operating practice, the types of steel produced, the availability of continuous casting, and overall mill facilities.

Among the various waste oxides produced in a steel plant, mill scale is the most attractive candidate for reclamation because of its high iron content and its potential for replacing costly purchased iron units.

Several different contaminants in varying quantities accompany the raw mill scale which is generated. Among these are metallic scrap, rubble, moisture, mill lubricants, and rolling oil, which are picked up during the various processing steps. These contaminants are tabulated in Table I. The scrap and rubble can be removed mechanically, but the moisture and oil must be treated by other means for reduction or elimination. In general, the quantities of both oil and moisture increase with decreasing particle size.

Until recent years, mill scale under 1/4 inch in size was recycled to the sinter plant and contributed low cost iron units as well as enhanced the quality of the sinter produced.

*See references

Table I - Raw Millscale Contaminants

<u>Scrap</u>	<u>Percent Range</u>
Plus 5" Size +5/8" - 5"	0.3 - 0.5% 2.0 - 3.5%
<u>Moisture</u>	3.0 - 9.0%
<u>Oil</u>	0.3 - 10.2%
<u>Rubble</u>	0.2 - 0.5%

At the present time however, with the advent of sophisticated air pollution control facilities, oily millscale cannot be sintered in large quantities because of mill operating problems and environmental restrictions. Oil contained in the millscale volatilizes during sintering resulting in a carryover of hydrocarbons to the bag house or scrubber. These hydrocarbons present a fire hazard, can blind the filter bags and result in unacceptable stack emissions. Removal of the hydrocarbons before sintering is therefore essential in order to achieve maximum recycling of this material.

The problems imposed by hydrocarbon contamination have caused substantial tonnages of oily mill scale to be stockpiled while significantly less desirable waste oxides have been recycled.

Several methods for oil removal have been investigated and are described in the literature. (2)* These processes are shown in Table II. While each of these systems is attended by varying degrees of success, Luria chose direct incineration as both the simplest and the most likely to provide consistent success in removing oil from scale.

The selection of direct incineration resulted in the construction of a plant in Gary, Indiana, for de-oiling mill scale generated at Inland Steel Company. This facility began operating in November, 1978.

Table II - Millscale Deoiling Methods (2)*

<u>Washing</u>	<u>Thermal Incineration</u>
1 - Water	1 - Direct Firing
2 - Hot Alkaline	2 - Indirect Firing
3 - Solvent	

Process Description

Figure 1 shows the de-oiling plant layout and the flow path of the mill scale received from the steel plant.

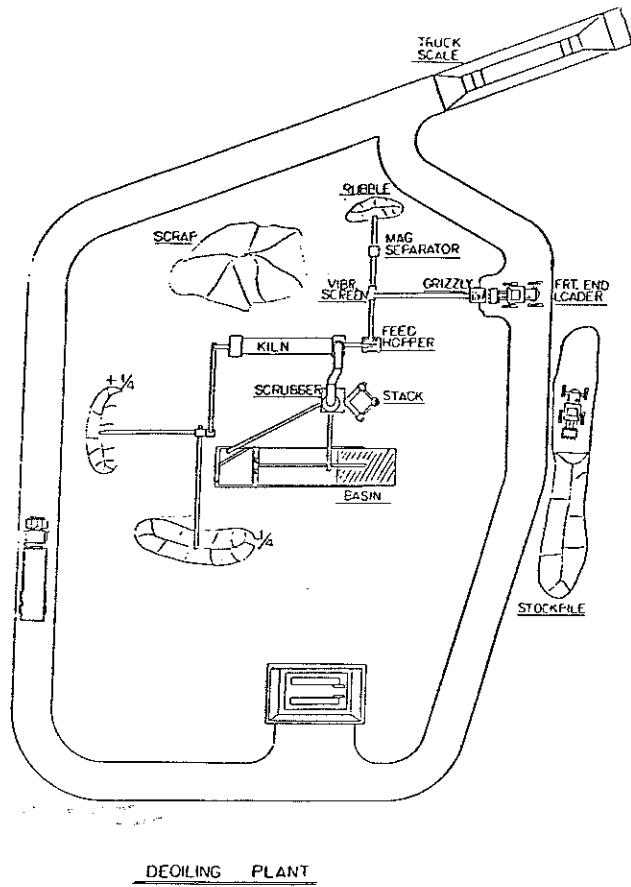


Figure 1 - Deoiling Plant

Unprocessed mill scale is delivered to the facility by truck and weighed into the raw material stockpile. A front end loader equipped with a 4 yard bucket transports the material to the grizzly where scrap and rubble over 5" is removed. A pan feeder under the grizzly hopper controls the flow of mill scale to the conveyor travelling to the vibratory screen. Oversize material on the 5/8" x 2" screen passes to the magnetic separation equipment which recovers scrap suitable for direct charge to the blast furnaces. Rubble is collected at the end of the conveyor for disposal. Minus 5/8" x 2" screened mill scale from the vibrating screen moves by conveyor to the kiln feed hopper which holds approximately 20 net tons. Delivery of oily material to the kiln is accomplished with a variable speed feed screw.

The rotary kiln is oil fired, 10' in diameter by 60' long and is lined with 6" of refractory lining. Oily mill scale entering the kiln is agitated by kiln rotation and internal lifters which cause the material to cascade through the hot combustion gases. The kiln rotates at

slightly less than 4 RPM's with retention time of approximately 12 minutes.

Dry, oil-free scale is discharged from the kiln and conveyed to a vibrating screen which separates the plus 1/4-inch from the remainder for return to the blast furnace. Four percent water is added to the minus 1/4-inch material for dust suppression and for control purposes at the sinter plant.

Table III describes the dry properties of the de-oiled mill scale and demonstrates that the iron-rich material is well within the residual oil limit of 0.01%.

Table III
Deoiled Millscale Analysis (2)*
Sinter Plant Size (Dry Basis)

	<u>Percent</u>
Total Fe	76.2
Fe ++	45.9
Fe +++	18.7
Metallic Fe	11.6
Magnetic Fe	26.3
Gangue	4.0
Sul	.029
Oil	.005*

Oil Specification - .01% Max.

Table IV
Physical Properties Deoiled Millscale(2)*
Sinter Plant Size

Screen Size	Wt. %	Cum. Wt. %
Plus 1/4"	0.4	0.4
-1/4" + 4 Mesh	1.0	1.4
- 4 + 6 Mesh	3.0	4.4
- 6 + 10 Mesh	8.8	13.2
- 10 + 18 Mesh	13.5	26.7
- 18 + 32 Mesh	28.4	55.1
- 32 + 60 Mesh	18.8	73.9
- 60 + 100 Mesh	13.8	87.7
- 100 Mesh	12.3	100.0
Bulk Density (Dry Basis)	190 - 205 lb./ft. ³	

Table IV outlines the particle size distribution of treated scale which is recirculated to the sinter strand. The composition of the scale and its relative fineness result in a bulk density ranging from 190 to 205 pounds per cubic foot.

The oil-free and moistened mill scale is loaded from the product stockpile and transported to the sinter plant at Inland Steel, a distance of roughly 3/4 mile.

Production Figures

Production of sinter plant size material has averaged 27,029 net tons per month for the past year, with a best single month output of 34,618 net tons.

Both delivery of raw scale and shipment of treated scale are normally made on a five-day per week basis. Thus, the average daily shipment of de-oiled material to the sinter plant has been 1,351 net tons.

Environmental Aspects

The hot gases leave the kiln at a temperature of roughly 800°F and pass into an after burner chamber where the temperature is raised to about 1500°F for complete incineration of residual hydrocarbons. Approximately 25,000 cubic feet per minute of hot gases leave the after burner and travel through ductwork into a high intensity wet scrubber before being discharged into the atmosphere. The duct is refractory lined and the internal gas velocity is sufficient to entrain any particulate matter.

The wet scrubbing system is shown in Figure 2. Water is sprayed into the system at a rate of 400 gallons per minute and the pressure drop across the venturi throat is 20 inches of water. After being scrubbed and having particulates removed, the clean gas passes through a mist eliminator and then into the induced draft fan and the stack.

Based upon the fraction of solid matter removed, the scrubber efficiency is above 99%. The data are shown in Table V. The system has performed with exceptional efficiency since operation began. The stack emission rate has been consistently under 2 lbs. per hour and is always substantially below the permissible level of 20 lbs. per hour.

The slurry from the scrubber is pumped to a basin where the solids settle quickly, and the water is returned to the scrubber for re-use.

From a performance point of view, the scrubber has operated very well. Excessive abrasion and internal erosion,

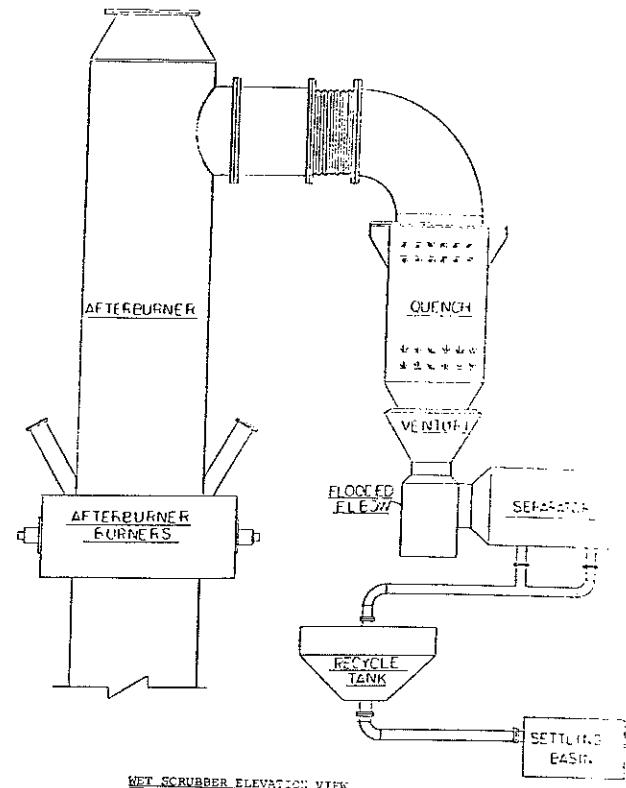


Figure 2 - Wet Scrubber Elevation View

however, have resulted in relatively high maintenance costs. Consequently, the quencher, venturi inlet, and venturi throat are being replaced with more abrasion-resistant material. Experimental work with refractory coatings has demonstrated satisfactory performance, and this material will be utilized for the internal parts which are subject to abrasion wear.

Production Problems

Aside from normal start-up and operating problems, most troubles have resulted from the high density and abrasive properties of the mill scale being treated. Steps are being taken presently to minimize these problems.

Process costs are most sensitive to fuel costs, and the steady rise of fuel oil prices has imposed an ever heavier burden on the cost of de-oiling the mill.

Table V - Wet Scrubber Efficiency

Test	Production Rate	Scrubber Inlet Particulate Loading	Stack Particulate Emission Rate	Efficiency
#1	43 NT/Hr.	1280 lb./Hr.	1.8 lb./Hr.	99.8%
#2	43 NT/Hr.	951 lb./Hr.	1.3 lb./Hr.	99.8%

scale. For this reason, a shift to the use of natural gas as fuel is being made. This change will result in a 58% reduction in fuel costs at today's prices and, together with better handling techniques and the employment of more abrasion-resistant construction materials, will permit de-oiling of mill scale at a significantly lower cost.

Conclusions

Although the process concept is simple and the equipment used for de-oiling mill scale is unsophisticated, the following conclusions may be drawn from Luria's work:

- (1) Large quantities of oil-contaminated mill scale can be treated on a steady, high tonnage basis.
- (2) The mill scale which is produced by Luria's de-oiling process is highly satisfactory and will permit additions in excess of 20% of sinter plant feed.
- (3) The process produces material of consistently high quality and low oil content. These features insure operation of the sinter plant within the environmental standards established.
- (4) Optimization of fuel selection, burner placement, and construction materials will provide a low cost source of valuable iron units, and will simultaneously minimize disposal and environmental problems.

Future Plans

It is recognized that the existing scale de-oiling plant is but a first generation facility, and that much can be done to make its operation more attractive.

To this end, studies are presently underway to establish the most suitable materials of construction and optimum methods of handling and transferring a heavy, abrasive material. This work should result in greater than 85%

availability of the equipment and reduce maintenance costs to their lowest level.

In addition to the shift from fuel oil to gas, a program to study the effects of burner position within the kiln has been initiated. The placement of the burners within the after burner chamber will also be investigated for optimum results and fuel conservation.

A further program will be undertaken to determine whether the use of recuperators in the waste gas stream can provide an additional cost reduction which will warrant the required capital investment for such a system.

Long range considerations point to steady refinement of the process to achieve lowest possible cost in de-oiling mill scale. At the same time, the incorporation of other steel plant wastes will be examined to ascertain whether these less valuable but important materials can also be treated in the equipment in an acceptable manner.

Agglomeration process studies will also be pursued to establish the response of de-oiled mill scale and to determine whether the agglomerates can be returned to the blast furnace directly, thus saving the cost of sintering.

The work already accomplished, as well as that being planned is vital. The recovery of iron, carbon, calcium and other valuable units is essential considering future availability and cost of these materials. Finally, reclamation and recycling of mill waste materials can eliminate or minimize in-plant handling, storage and environmental problems. We believe these concepts to be a very important support of a strong and prosperous Steel Industry in the United States.

References

1. Harris, M. M., The Use Of Steel Mill Waste Solids In Iron And Steelmaking. American Iron and Steel Institute - 86th General Meeting, May 24, 1978.
2. Balajee, S. R., Deoiling And Utilization Of Millscale. First E.P.A. symposium on the Iron and Steel Pollution Abatement Technology. November 1, 1979.

RCRA FACILITY REVIEW FOR SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS

FACILITY NAME: Luria Brothers and Company, Inc.
EPA ID NUMBER: IND 098264818
LOCATION (CITY, STATE): Dary, Indiana
DATE OF INSPECTION: July 14, 1984
INSPECTOR(S): Reggie Baker, Jim Mattes
TITLE(S): Permit Writers
FACILITY REPRESENTATIVES PRESENT: -none-

1. Based on a review of State records, describe any land disposal units that have ever had a State permit for managing municipal or industrial (non-hazardous) waste at this site. Summarize the information which is available to indicate whether the waste may contain hazardous constituents and whether the unit may be leaking.

None

2. Based on a review of State records, describe any incinerators or other solid waste management units at this site (other than those treatment, storage and disposal units that have interim status) for which a State air pollution control permit has been issued. Summarize the information which is available to indicate whether the waste may contain hazardous constituents, and whether and whether the emissions from the unit may contain hazardous constituents.

No permits issued for rotary kiln incinerator.

3. Based on a review of State records (including CERCLA 103(c) notifications, complaints from the public, etc.) describe any known, suspected or likely releases of hazardous constituents to the environment from solid waste management units, except those spills not related to a specific unit, which were properly reported and cleaned up.

None

4. Based on State records, describe any permitted injection wells at this facility and indicate whether injected the wastes may contain hazardous waste or hazardous constituents. Summarize the information which is available to indicate whether hazardous constituents may be escaping to the environment through improperly constructed or managed injection wells.

none

5. Did you see any of the following solid waste management units or evidence of prior existence of such a unit at the facility? NOTE - DO NOT INCLUDE HAZARDOUS WASTES UNITS CURRENTLY SHOWN IN THE PART B APPLICATION

	YES	NO
• Landfill	—	✓
• Surface Impoundment	—	✓
• Land Farm	—	✓
• Waste Pile	—	✓
• Incinerator	✓	—
• Storage Tank (Above Ground)	✓	—
• Storage Tank (Underground)	—	✓
• Container Storage Area	✓	—
• Injection Wells	—	✓
• Wastewater Treatment Units	—	✓
• Transfer Stations	—	✓
• Waste Recycling Operations	—	✓
• Waste Treatment, Detoxification	—	✓
• Other	—	✓

6. If there are "Yes" answers to any of the items in Number 5 above, please provide a description of the wastes that were stored, treated or disposed of in each unit. In particular, please focus on whether or not the wastes would be considered as hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents under RCRA. Also include any available data on quantities or volume of wastes disposed of and the dates of disposal. Please also provide a description of each unit and include capacity, dimensions, location at facility, provide a site plan if available. You may simply reference the owner or operator's "Certification Regarding Potential Releases from Solid Waste Management Units" if the description contained therein appears to be accurate.

10,000 storage tank labeled "Javel Oil"

1 - 55 gallon drum labeled "Ethylene Glycol"

20 - Bags of "Soda Ash"

4 - 100# Bags of unknown material

6 - 55 gallon drums containing a "dark oil"

1 - 5 gallon container labeled "Alumina Chromic Oxide Phosphate Bonded Plastic Refractory"

7. If previous inspection reports indicated the presence of solid waste management units other than those described above, what is known about them?

none

8. Describe other information about existing or closed solid waste management units at this facility that should be considered in determining whether there may be a continuing release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents from solid waste management units.

none

DENNIS E. WILLIAMSON
Typed or Printed Name - State Permit Writer

Dennis E. Williamson

Signature - State Permit Writer

1-14-86

Date

FACILITY MANAGEMENT PLAN APPROVAL

Facility Name Luria Bros. & Co.

EPA ID Number IND 095264818

Facility Location 6633 W. Industrial Hwy.
Gary, IN 46406

Date Received from State 4/11/86

Date TPS Review 4/22/86

Date HWB Review — 5/7/86

Date ERRB Review 5/5/86

The Facility Management Plan for this facility is

- Corrective Action Order
- Action involving ERRB
- RCRA permit
- Other

Brief narrative Closure of this facility was completed but never certified. The facility stopped operation in 1981. The property is now abandoned. Based on the IDEM recommendation for referral to CERCLA for Federally Financed activity and concurrence by SWB/TPS and ERRB/TSU, the site has been added into the CERCLIS data base and referred for inspection.

Based on my review, this FMP is hereby approved

Signature

Philip Fletcher
(EPA TPS staff)

Date 4/25/86

FACILITY MANAGEMENT PLAN (FMP)
Concurrence Sheet

To: Unit Chief, Hank Cho, Technical Programs Section.
State of Indiana

Name of Facility: Luvia Bros. and Co., Inc.

Identification Number: IND 095264818

I have reviewed the subject FMP and concur/disagree with the recommended course of action.

Comments:

I concur with the recommendation for referral to CERCLA for Federally Financed or Enforcement Activity. The property is now abandoned and has been since 1981. The site is unfenced and nearly devoid of vegetation. The grounds are covered with a dark ash/cinder/slate material.

Alfred Fletcher 4/22/82

Signature and Date

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

INDIANAPOLIS

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

DATE: March 5, 1986

THRU: Thomas Linson

TO: RCRA File, Luria Brothers, IND 095264818
Gary, Indiana

FROM: Dennis Williamson *DCW 3/5/86*
Plan Review and Permit Section

SUBJECT: Facility Management Plan Narrative

TEL 3/5/86

Facility Contact: Matthew J. Herman
Plant Manager
c/o P.O. Box 6548
Cleveland, OH 44101
(216) 752-4000

Permit Status: COMPANY REQUESTED WITHDRAWAL (04/23/82)

In May 1981, Luria Brothers applied for a hazardous waste processing permit. In July 1981, 659 tons of material was received, processed and returned to Bethlehem Steel in August 1981. In December 1981, the Gary Processing Plant stopped operation. Closure was completed, but never certified. The company requested withdrawal of interim status April 23, 1982. The property is now abandoned.

Summary and Corrective Action Review:

A closure inspection was conducted by the Indiana State Board of Health on July 18, 1984. Numerous items were found at the site, which may or may not be hazardous. The items found include the following:

1. One 55-gallon drum labeled "Ethylene Glycol" over one-half full with an open bung.
2. Twenty bags labeled "Soda Ash" which were torn open and spilling on the ground.
3. Four 100-pound bags of unknown material from AP Green Refractories.
4. One five-gallon container labeled "Aluminum Chronic Oxide Phosphate Bonded Plastic Refractory."

5. Six 55-gallon drums labeled "Phillips Petroleum" which were open and contained a dark oil which may have been reclaimed motor oil.
6. A very large, possibly 10,000-gallon storage tank labeled "Journal Oil" and with "No Smoking" stickers on it. This tank was steadily leaking a dark, viscous oily substance on the ground.

The facility was left in a shambles with equipment and junk all over. Physical security was nonexistent. This company no longer operates in the State of Indiana.

Recommendations

Referral to U.S. EPA/CERCLA for federally financed or enforcement activities.

THIS IS AN ENVIRONMENTALLY SIGNIFICANT FACILITY.

* This narrative prepared by: Dennis E. Williamson
Division of Land Pollution Control
Indiana State Board of Health
AC 317/243-5170

DEW/tr

Name of Preparer: DENNIS WILLIAMSON/DALE BEAL
 Date: 1-14-86 and 3-3-86

Model Facility Management Plan

1. Facility Name: LURIA BROTHERS AND COMPANY, INC.

2. Facility I.D. Number: IND 095264818

3. Owner and/or Operator: DEREK S. HAROLD, General Mgr., 4/0 20521 Chagrin Blvd.
 Cleveland, Ohio 44101

4. Facility Location: 6633 W. INDUSTRIAL HIGHWAY
 Street Address

<u>GARY</u>	<u>LAKE</u>	<u>INDIANA</u>	<u>46406</u>
City	County	State	Zip Code

5. Facility Telephone (if available): (219) 949-8118 (PLANT CLOSED)
(216) 752-4000 (Cleveland, Ohio OFFICE)

6. Interim Status and/or Permitted Hazardous Waste Units and
 Capacities of Each Unit:

Type of Units	Size or Capacity	Active or Closed
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Storage in Tanks or Containers	10,000 gallons	Inactive - not certified closed.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Incinerator	Rotary Kiln - 10' x 60' 25 TONS/HR.	Inactive - not certified closed.
<input type="checkbox"/> Landfill		
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Impoundment		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Waste Pile	400 yds.	Inactive - not certified closed.
<input type="checkbox"/> Land Treatment		
<input type="checkbox"/> Injection Wells		
<input type="checkbox"/> Others. (Specify)		

7. Permit Application Status: Requested withdrawal (EPA's action item
 number: (April 23, 1982))

8. Identification of Hazardous Waste Generated, Treated, Stored or Disposed at the Facility: (may attach Part A or permit list or reference those documents if listing of wastes is exceptionally long - in that case, to complete this question list wastes of greatest interest and/or quantity and note that additional wastes are managed)

<u>Type of Waste</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Generated, Treated, Stored or Disposed (note appropriate categories)</u>
----------------------	-----------------	---

F 006	60,000 TONS (ANNUAL)	(T04, S03) Rotary Kiln Incinerator 10,000 galln storage tank
-------	-------------------------	--

Apparently waste was to be stored in a pile before incineration. The 4-23-82 letter from Enviro Brothers, mention is made that the only hazardous waste processed was 659 tons of material in July 1981.

9. Review of Response to Solid Waste Management Questionnaire indicates: (check one)

- Solid Waste Management Units exist (other than previously identified RCRA units)
- No Solid Waste Management Units exist (other than previously identified RCRA units)
- It is unclear from review of questionnaire whether or not any solid Waste Management Units exist
- Respondent indicates that does not know if any Solid Waste Management Units exist

10. If the response to question 9 is that Solid Waste Management Units exist, than check one of the following:

- Releases of hazardous waste or constituents have occurred or are thought to have occurred
- Releases of hazardous waste or constituents have not occurred
- Releases of hazardous waste or constituents have occurred or are thought to have occurred but have been adequately remedied
- It is not known whether a release of hazardous waste or constituents has occurred

11. The facility is on the National Priorities List or proposed update of the List or ERRIS list

 Yes - indicate List or update

 ✓ No

 Yes - ERRIS list

Prior to completion of the Recommendation portion of the Facility Management Plan, the attached Appendix must be completed.

12. Recommendation for Regional Approach to the Facility: Check one

 Further Investigation to Evaluate Facility

 Permit Compliance Schedule

 Corrective Action Order (may include compliance schedule)

 Other Administrative Enforcement

 Federal Judicial Enforcement

X Referral to CERCLA for Federally Financed or Enforcement Activity

 Voluntary/Negotiated Action

 State Action

Brief narrative in explanation of selection : _____

a) If further investigation alternative is selected:

 Site inspection - anticipated inspection date _____

 State or Federal inspection _____

 Preliminary Assessment - anticipated completion date _____

 RI/FS - anticipated date of initiation _____

 State/Federal _____

 Private Party _____ identify party(ies)

b) If Permit Alternative is Selected: Projected Schedule

Date of Part B Submission: _____

Date of Completeness Check: _____

Date for Additional Submissions (if required): _____

Date of Completion of Technical Review: _____

Completion of Draft Permit/Permit Denial: _____

Public Notice for Permit Decision: _____

Date of Hearing (if appropriate): _____

Date for Final Permit or Denial Issuance: _____

Description of any corrective action provisions to be included in permit -

c) If Corrective Action Order Alternative is Selected:

Estimated Date for Order Issuance: _____

Description of Provisions of the Order to be Completed by
Facility: _____

Description of Compliance Schedule to be Contained in Order:

d) If Other Administrative Enforcement Action is Selected:

Projected Date for Issuance of the Order: _____

Description of Provisions or Goals of the Order: _____

e) If Judicial Enforcement Alternative Selected:

Date of Referral to Office of Regional Counsel: _____

f) If Referral to CERCLA for Action Selected:

Date of Referral to CERCLA Sections: ASAP

g) If Voluntary/Negotiated Action Alternative if Selected:

Date of Initial Contact with Facility: _____

Description of Goals of Contact or Discussions with Facility: _____

Date for Termination of Discussions if Not Successful:

Date of Finalization of Settlement if Negotiation Successful:

h) If State Action Alternative is Selected:

Date for Referral to State: _____

Name of State Contact: _____

Phone: _____

APPENDIX

The questions constituting this Appendix to the Facility Management Plan must be filled out prior to completion of recommendation elements of the Plan. The purpose of this appendix is to provide a summary documentation of the State and/or U.S.EPA review of available information on the subject facility. The intent is that a comprehensive file review will be conducted as the basis for selection of the recommended approach to a given facility. If the Appendix is completed by State personnel questions referring to available data reference information in State files; for Federal personnel the reference is to Federal files. Where questions refer to "all" available data or information and such material is voluminous, the response should indicate that files are voluminous, and then reference most telling information, for example groundwater contaminants found frequently or at extremely high concentrations should be specifically listed, and information most directly supporting recommended approach to facility should be described. If no information is available in facility files, the response should so indicate. It is also anticipated that this Appendix may be updated periodically as more information becomes available.

1. Description of All Available Monitoring Data for Facility:

<u>Type of Data</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>Summary of Results or Conclusions</u>
---------------------	-------------	---------------	--

NONE IN FILES

2. Description of Enforcement Status:

<u>Type of Action</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Local, State or Federal</u>	<u>Result or Status</u>
-----------------------	-------------	--------------------------------	-------------------------

NO CURRENT ACTIVITY IN FILES

3. Description of Any Complaints from Public:

<u>Source of Complaint</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Recipient</u>	<u>Subject and Response</u>
<u>NONE IN FILES</u>			

4. Description of All Inspection Reports for Facility:

<u>Date of Inspection</u>	<u>Inspector</u> (Local, State, or Federal)	<u>Conclusions or Comments</u>
7-18-84	State	Property abandoned

5. During inspection of this facility, did the inspector note any evidence of past disposal practices not currently regulated under RCRA, such as piles of waste or rubbish, injection wells, ponds or surface impoundments that might contain waste or active or inactive landfills?

 YES - give date of inspection and describe observation:

✓ NO

 DON'T KNOW

6. Do inspection reports indicate observations of discolored soils or dead vegetation that might be caused by a spill, discharge or disposal of hazardous wastes or constituents?

Yes - indicate date of report and describe observations

7-18-84 - "Reddish color soil, mostly devoid of plant life."

No

Don't know

7. Do inspection reports indicate the presence of any tanks at the facility which are located below grade and could possibly leak without being noticed by visual observation?

Yes - date of inspection and describe information in report

No - But, above ground tank was "steadily leaking a dark, viscous oily substance on the ground."

Don't know

8. Does a groundwater monitoring system exist at the facility? NO RECORD ON FILE

9. If answer to question 8 is yes, is the groundwater system capable of monitoring both regulated RCRA units and other Solid Waste Management Units? _____

"Explain -

10. Is the groundwater monitoring system in compliance with applicable RCRA groundwater monitoring standards? N/A

If no, explain deficiency

11. Describe all information on facility subsurface geology or hydrogeology available.

Type of Information	Author	Date	Summary of Conclusions
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Unknown

12. Did the facility submit a 103(c) notification pursuant to CERCLA?

<u> </u> Yes	Date of Notification _____
<u>✓</u> No	

13. If answer to 12 is yes, briefly summarize content of that notification.
(waste management units identified, type of waste concerned)

14. Has a CERCLA Preliminary Assessment/Site Investigation (PA/SI) been completed for this facility?

<u> </u> Yes
<u>✓</u> No

15. If answer to question 14 is yes, briefly describe conclusions of the PA/SI focusing on types of environmental contamination found, wastes and sources of contamination.
-
-
-
-
-

16. If available, having reviewed the CERCLA notification, RCRA Part A and RCRA Part B, it appears that: (CERCLA unit refers to unit or area of concern in CERCLA response activity)

RCRA and CERCLA units are same at this facility

RCRA and CERCLA units are clearly different units

There is an overlap between the RCRA and CERCLA units
(some are the same, some are different)

17. Description of Any Past Releases or Environmental Contamination:

Type/Source of Release	Date	Material Released	Quantity	Response
------------------------	------	-------------------	----------	----------

Unknown

F T E

— —

18. Identification of Reports or Documentation Concerning Each Release Described in Item 17.

<u>Title/Type of Report</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>Recipients</u>	<u>Contents</u>
N/A				

19. Highlight any information gaps in the file - describe any plans to obtain additional needed information.

What hazardous wastes were handled, through treatment (incineration), storage or disposal at this facility? Files indicate that the facility began incineration of oily millscale in 1978 but no data on that material is available. Also, what was the fate of the residue (ash, scrubber sludge) from the incinerator?

20. Summary of major environmental problems noted, desired solution and possible approaches.

<u>Problem</u>	<u>Solution</u>	<u>Approach</u>	- <u>Pros and Cons</u>

CPA

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

INDIANAPOLIS

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO: RCRA File 1B1
Luria Brothers and Company, Inc.

FROM: Thomas O'Leary *TEO*
Compliance Monitoring Section

SUBJECT: RCRA Compliance Inspection
Luria Brothers and Company, Inc.
IND 095264818

DATE: March 24, 1986

THRU: David Berrey *AB*

RECEIVED
APR 14 1986
SOLID WASTE DIVISION
U.S. EPA, REGION V
SHD-AHS

On March 10, 1986, I attempted to conduct a scheduled RCRA TSD land disposal compliance inspection of Luria Brothers and Company, Inc., 6633 West Industrial Highway, Gary. No one was available to represent the facility. Luria Brothers processed waste solids from the steel industry. The plant is presently abandoned and has been since late 1981.

A pre-inspection file audit revealed that Luria Brothers notified in May 1981 and were granted interim status by the U.S. EPA, Region V. In December 1981, the facility ceased operations and vacated the property. In April 1982, Luria Brothers submitted a closure plan, which was modified and public noticed by the U.S. EPA, but apparently was never approved by them. Closure certification was never submitted. The State does not recognize the closure plan that the U.S. EPA referred to us. In November 1985, the facility lost its interim status.

The facility is located just north of the Gary Airport and is adjacent to the Conservation Chemical site. The property also borders a scrap metal yard and a junkyard. The facility consists of a roofed steel skeleton containing a rotary kiln and scrubber stack and a smaller steel shed. A cement "bunker" containing an ash or scale material was also observed. Approximately 12 drums of suspected oil were noted in the "skeleton" as were three empty semitrailers. The 10,000-gallon oil tank mentioned in the July 18, 1984, trip report was not leaking as previously observed.

The physical grounds of the facility were unfenced and nearly devoid of vegetation. The ground was covered with a dark ash/cinder/scale material. Various machinery and parts were left throughout the property.

Based on this inspection, it is recommended that enforcement action be implemented to ensure a proper, completed closure/cleanup.

On March 18, 1986, Messrs. Dennis Williamson, James Mattes, Rod Steele, Dale Beal, and I held an in-house conference discussing the site. It was determined that further information must be requested/received from the property owner(s) before enforcement action can be implemented. A time frame will be developed.

TEO/tr

cc: Mr. Dennis Williamson
Mr. Rod Steele
U.S. EPA, Region V
Mr. James Mattes
Mr. Dale Beal

CERTIFICATION REGARDING POTENTIAL RELEASES FROM
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS

LIVE

FACILITY NAME: Gary Processing

U.S. EPA I.D. NUMBER: #IND 095264818

LOCATION CITY: Gary

STATE: Indiana

JAN 03 1986

**SITE IS
U.S. EPA, REGION V**

1. Are there any of the following solid waste management units at your facility?

	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>
• Landfill	____	X
• Surface Impoundment	____	X
• Land Farm	____	X
• Waste Pile	____	X
• Incinerator	____	X
• Storage Tank (Above Ground)	____	X
• Storage Tank (Underground)	____	X
• Container Storage Area	____	X
• Injection Wells	____	X
• Wastewater Treatment Units	____	X
• Transfer Stations	____	X
• Waste Recycling Operations	____	X
• Waste Treatment, Detoxification	____	X
• Other _____	____	X

2. If there are "Yes" answers to any of the items in Number 1 above, please provide a description of the wastes that were stored, treated or disposed of in each unit. In particular, please focus on whether or not the wastes would be considered as hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents under RCRA. Also include any available data on quantities or volume of wastes disposed on and the dates of disposal. Please also provide a description of each unit and include capacity, dimensions, location at facility, provide a site plan if available.

NOTE: Hazardous wastes are those identified in 40 CFR 261. Hazardous constituents are those listed in Appendix VIII of 40 CFR 261.

3. For the units noted in Number 1 above, please describe for each unit any data available on any prior or current releases of hazardous wastes or constituents to the environment that may have occurred in the past or still be occurring.

Please provide the following information

- a. Date of release
- b. Type of waste or constituent released
- c. Quantity or volume of waste or constituent released
- d. Describe nature of release (i.e., spill, overflow, ruptured pipe or tank, etc.)

- N O N E -

4. In regard to the prior releases described in Number 3 above, please provide (for each unit) any analytical data that may be available which would describe the nature and extent of environmental contamination that exists as a result of such releases. Please focus on concentrations of hazardous wastes or constituents present in contaminated soil or groundwater.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the submittal is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. (42 U.S.C. 6902 et seq. and 40 CFR 270.11(d))

H. M. Brown, Director of Operations
Typed Name and Title


Signature

12-30-85
Date

CONTINUING RELEASES AT PERMITTED FACILITIES

SEC. 206. Section 3004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act is amended by adding the following new subsection after subsection (l) thereof:

"(u) **CONTINUING RELEASES AT PERMITTED FACILITIES.**—Standards promulgated under this section shall require, and a permit issued after the date of enactment of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 by the Administrator or a State shall require, corrective action for all releases of hazardous waste or constituents from any solid waste management unit at a treatment, storage, or disposal facility seeking a permit under this subtitle, regardless of the time at which waste was placed in such unit. Permits issued under section 3005 shall contain schedules of compliance for such corrective action (where such corrective action cannot be completed prior to issuance of the permit) and assurances of financial responsibility for completing such corrective action."

INTERIM STATUS CORRECTIVE ACTION ORDERS

SEC. 233. (a) Section 3008 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act is amended by adding the following new subsection after subsection (g) thereof:

"(h) **INTERIM STATUS CORRECTIVE ACTION ORDERS.**—(1) Whenever on the basis of any information the Administrator determines that there is or has been a release of hazardous waste into the environment from a facility authorized to operate under section 3005(e) of this subtitle, the Administrator may issue an order requiring corrective action or such other response measure as he deems necessary to protect human health or the environment or the Administrator may commence a civil action in the United States district court in the district in which the facility is located for appropriate relief, including a temporary or permanent injunction.

"(2) Any order issued under this subsection may include a suspension or revocation of authorization to operate under section 3005(e) of this subtitle, shall state with reasonable specificity the nature of the required corrective action or other response measure, and shall specify a time for compliance. If any person named in an order fails to comply with the order, the Administrator may assess, and such person shall be liable to the United States for, a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$25,000 for each day of noncompliance with the order."

(b) Subsection (b) of section 3008 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act is amended by inserting "issued under this section" immediately after "Any order".